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FRENCH ON THE RUN IN INDO-CHINA

Last Outpost Likely To Fall Soon

VIET MINH SUCCESSES

PARIS, October 16, (PTI-Reuter).

VIET MINH forces in Indo-China have cut the road between Langson, main French stronghold on the frontier with Communist China, and Hanoi, eighty miles to the south-west, according to latest unofficial reports received here.

Newspapers were today preparing the anxious public for a possible complete evacuation of Langson, last French outpost on the western half of the border which civilians have already been ordered to leave.

Deputies will press for a full-dress debate on the situation in Indo-China when the National Assembly reconvenes tomorrow after its summer recess.

The Government wants to limit the question to a statement which Premier Rene Pleven is due to make on Wednesday.

Pressure by press and public opinion is growing daily for full and frank information on Indo-China. The military censorship in Tonkin is being compared unfavourably with the lack of formal censorship in Korea.

SAIGON, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter): The Chinese Communist New China News Agency, in a despatch picked up in London, said today that the Vietminh Army had wiped out 5,500 French troops in ten days of fierce fighting in Indo-China.

U.S. ECONOMIC AID TO INDONESIA

Agreement Signed

DJAKARTA, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter): America promised Indonesia economic aid under an agreement signed here today, it was officially announced.

The agreement, providing for economic co-operation between the Indonesian and United States Governments, was signed by Indonesian Foreign Minister Mohammad Roem and United States Ambassador Merle Cochran.

The agreement arose from recommendations made by the United States Economic Survey Mission which visited Indonesia in April last year. It outlined the understandings under which America would furnish technical and economic assistance required by Indonesia.

EMERGENCY IN ISRAEL

Cabinet Resigns

TEL AVIV, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter):—A state of emergency was proclaimed in Israel during the night and reserves of all three services called to the colours this morning only four hours after the announcement of the Government's resignation.

A big-scale plan began simultaneously to test the efficiency of the services and particularly the working of the new structure of the reserve.

The Government crisis coincided with the secret date for the beginning of Israel's autumn manoeuvres, but the political situation has not so far interfered with the army's plan.

REASONS

After Mr. David Ben-Gurion, first Prime Minister of the two-year-old Jewish State, had given his reason for resignation to President Chaim Weizmann, the latter asked him to form a new Cabinet.

There was no indication whether the 64-year-old Premier would have a new Government to present to the Knesseth (Parliament) when it meets today after its summer recess.

Mr. Ben-Gurion will tell the Assembly tomorrow the developments which led to his Government's resignation, the Speaker of the Assembly announced in Jerusalem last night.

A political source said the resignation followed the refusal of the outgoing Cabinet's religious bloc to accept the Prime Minister's plan for broadening the coalition.

The Cabinet, formed on March 8, 1949, after general elections, was a coalition of moderate labour elements, excluding both extreme left and extreme right.

Caretakers Suggested

TEL AVIV, Oct. 16, (PTI-Reuter): Mr. David Ben-Gurion, whose Government resigned last night, today proposed that Israel should have new general elections with caretaker Cabinet holding office meanwhile.

Mr. Ben-Gurion told Parliament that he proposed the caretaker Cabinet should be composed of seven Mapai (labour) members and one Sephardi, dropping the progressive and orthodox members.

PEACE ON THE ANVIL

Chile Withdraws Her Plan

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 16, (PTI-Reuter): Chile today approved a revised version of the "Acheson Plan" to strengthen the General Assembly powers to meet aggression, and withdraw her own proposal on the subject.

Over the weekend the "Acheson Plan"— sponsored by the United States, Britain, France, Canada, Turkey, Uruguay and the Philippines—had undergone technical changes to meet criticism. It had been debated by the Assembly since October 9.

Another Bid For Peace

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 16, PTI-Reuter): Syria and Iraq have asked the "Big Four"—Britain, France, the United States and Soviet Russia—to meet during the current session of the United Nations General Assembly and try to resolve their difficulties.

China—one of the "Big Five"—was not included in the proposal.

The resolution attributed the present crisis in the United Nations mainly to the failure of the permanent members of the Security Council to reach an understanding and agreement on some fundamental world affairs.

Immigrants Chased And Seized

COLOMBO, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter): Thirty-two illegal immigrants were arrested after a six-mile chase by customs officials at Talai-mannar pier on Saturday night.

The immigrants—the biggest batch ever to be arrested is stated to have come from South India in a sailing vessel and landed in the north coast of Ceylon.

The Battle For Pyongyang

SOUTHERNERS ONLY 34 MILES AWAY

TOKYO, Oct. 16. (PTI-Reuter). SOUTH KOREAN forces were within thirty-four miles of the Communist capital, Pyongyang, tonight, front line reports said.

This, the nearest point, was on the south-east. Other troops were 45 miles east of the city.

The Communist radio at Pyongyang admitted that United Nations forces were "pressing towards North Korea's central defence area".

British Commonwealth and American troops were sweeping north from Kumchon and Namchonjon—captured yesterday—about fifty miles from the Communist capital.

In the centre of the United Nations front, South Koreans, carrying only their arms and water, advanced up the valley road to within 34 miles of the capital.

Thrusting along the main road east of the main American drive, they pushed on beyond Suan, an important road junction, during the night.

U. S. CASUALTIES

WASHINGTON: United States Navy and Marine Corps casualties in Korea up to October 12 totalled 2,958, Rear Admiral Joel Boone, the Navy's Medical Inspector-General, said today. Of these 496 were killed in action, 75 died of wounds, 2,337 were wounded and 50 were reported missing.

TOKYO: The United Nations Commission for Korea announced today that the South Korean Government had decided to make October 24—United Nations day—a national holiday.

TRUMAN LEAVES

HONOLULU: President Truman left here by air for San Francisco, where he will broadcast tomorrow on his meeting with General MacArthur on Wake Island.

No important foreign policy changes are expected to result from the Truman-MacArthur meeting as it is believed here that the President's main object was to tie together the loose strings in the United States Far Eastern policy.

SOMUNG CAPTURED

TOKYO: The American First Cavalry Division with the Commonwealth brigade following up, captured Somung, about 45 miles southeast of the capital.

The Division stormed into the town after a fourteen-mile thrust along the main road leading to the capital from Namchojom where they broke strong Northern defences.

Rehabilitation Plans

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter): The United Nations Economic and Social Council today approved an Australian proposal for a seven-nation temporary committee "to examine all available material on the probable needs of Korea for relief and rehabilitation."

A Soviet amendment—that the committee consult representatives of North Korea and South Korea on rehabilitation—was defeated, by a vote of 14 to 3, with one abstention.

Congress Not To Contest

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee decided today not to put up any official candidate for the by-election to the Bombay Legislative Assembly from the Bombay City South Mohammadan Constituency in the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Yusuf Meherally.

The Yanks Are Coming

FRANKFURT, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter): American troop reinforcements to Europe will arrive at the rate of between 4,000 and 5,000 a month, the West German news agency D.P.A. said today.

The troops will have the newest weapons which have already proved themselves in Korea, it added.

The reinforcements will include 18,000 men of the 82nd United States Parachute Division from North Carolina.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 16 (UPI): Dr. P. C. Ghosh, lately a member of the Congress Working Committee, who has returned after a tour of the Andaman group of islands in a statement says that most of the settlers from East Bengal in those Islands seemed to be quite happy in spite of the difficulties and sorrows.

Man Drugged And Robbed, Later Dies

BOMBAY, Monday.

SAID the police: Malayya Shiwayya, 25, cashier of a city hotel, had just finished his evening stroll in the Hanging Gardens. He returned homewards when four men pounced on him, dragged him to a secluded spot off Gibbs Road. There some drug was forced into his mouth and he lost consciousness.

When Malayya woke up, shaken and weak, lying on the roadside, he found that he had been relieved of Rs. 500. A police constable on patrol duty picked him up and took to the J. J. Hospital. After making a statement to the police on what had befallen him, Malayya died.

The Gamdevi police who are on the look-out for the four scoundrels said Malayya was employed in the Shivaji Durbar Hindu Hotel, Victoria Garden Road.

CONGRESS EXECUTIVE: NEW TEAM

19 Men And A Woman

NEW DELHI, Oct. 16 (PTI): Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon, Congress President, today announced the 20-men Working Committee of the Congress. The two General Secretaries are Mr. Kala Venkata Rao and Mr. Mohanlal Gautam. One of the members is a lady Mrs. Pushpa Mehta, former Education Minister of Junagadh and one of the four women members of the AICC.

Here is the full Committee:

Shri Purshottamdas Tandon—President. 2. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel—Treasurer. 3. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, 4. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, 5. Shri C. Rajagopalachari, 6. Shri Jagjiwan Ram, 7. Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, 8. Shri S. K. Patil, 9. Shri Kamaraj Nadar, 10. Sardar Pratap Singh Kairon.

11. Shri N. G. Ranga, 12 Shri Atulya Ghosh, 13, Shri Siddhinath Sharma, 14. Shri Laxmi Narain Sudhansu, 15. Shri B. S. Hirey, 16. Seth Govind Das, 17. Shri Gogul Lal Asawa, 18. Shrimati Pushpa Behn.

19. Shri Kala Venkata Rao and 20. Shri Mohanlal Gautam—General Secretaries.

The new Working Committee contains six Ministers and eight Presidents of the Provincial Congress Committees—those of Tamil Nad, Bombay, the Punjab, West Bengal, Assam, Bihar, Maharashtra and Mahakoshal.

AS MANY PRESIDENTS

Mr. Tandon told correspondents that he had tried to take in as many Presidents as possible. In the case of Andhra, he had taken in Prof. N. G. Ranga—who was the President of last year's Provincial Congress Committee. From Rajasthan, he had taken Mr. Gokul Lal Asawa, M.P., in consultation with the President of the Rajasthan Congress, Mr. Jai Narain Vyas.

Explaining the reason for choosing Congress Committee Presidents, Mr. Tandon said he wanted to have on his Committee those Congressmen who represented "Congress trends" in their provinces.

When Mr. Tandon was asked whether he had given any assurance, or whether there was any understanding, that Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai would be specially invited to all meetinge of the Working Committee, he said: "I have given no assurance or understanding to Mr. Kidwai at all. But one thing is clear. I will invite some individuals from time to time to our meetings. That is the old convention."

The Congress President said that he hoped to hold the first meeting of his Working Committee by the first week of November.

GOVERNMENT ALSO

When his attention was drawn to the remarks of Pandit Nehru at his press conference this morning that if Congressmen and the Congress President did not follow the Nasik resolutions, they would be going against the mandate and "getting into trouble", Mr. Tandon said: "When the Congress has passed some resolutions I expect that they will be carried out. After all, the Congress has passed a few resolutions. A good deal has to be carried out by Government also. It is not only the Congress that has to carry it out. Government also have to act in the spirit of the resolutions."

Asked whether he now thought "the rift in the Congress has been averted", Mr. Tandon replied amidst laughter: "I never expected any rift."

As regards rooting out corruption, Mr. Tandon said that the taking of executive steps depended on Government and it was not in his hands.

Nehru On Why He Joined Working Committee

NEW DELHI, Oct. 16 (PTI): The Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru today made a reference to his joining the Working Committee and explained his attitude generally.

Asked what were the reasons that induced him to change his mind not to join the Working Committee, the Prime Minister told correspondents that whether he joined the Working Committee or not was not important.

"The importance to my mind is that a certain policy is to be pursued in the country by the Congress and by the Government", he said.

"The Nasik Congress has laid down or confirmed certain policies which obviously applied to the Congress and which also applied to Government in so far as they concerned the Government. The test for any action that I may take is how best to pursue those policies not only in the Government but in the country through the Congress or otherwise.

THE CRITERION

"I have to judge it from that point of view. If I feel that those policies will be helped by my being in the Working Committee, I am there. If I feel that I will help them by not being in the Working Committee but co-operating with the Working Committee, I go outside.

"If I am in the Working Committee and if I find at any time that I will help those policies by remaining outside, I will go outside."

"It is a question of balancing and seeing how best to achieve certain results in the country. It is not an easy thing to do and I have to take into consideration numerous factors."

Asked whether he had any assurance from the Congress President that the Working Committee would pursue the policy laid down by the Nasik delegates, Pandit Nehru said: "I do not require the Congress President to tell me that he will follow the Nasik Congress. If he does not, he goes against the mandate of the Congress and he gets into trouble."

Dr. Prasad Commends New Educational System

ANAND, Oct. 16 (PTI): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian Republic, visited today the rural university town of Vallabh Vidyanagar, about five miles from here and laid the corner-stone for the Bhikabhai Jivabhai Commerce College.

Wishing the University well Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that it would revolutionise the education system in Gujerat.

"You cannot remove the villagers from the thousands of villages in order to educate them", the President said. "You have to give them the facilities in their places and train them to work in their villages. That is the change we need in the educational system of the country".

ELECTROCUTED

CALCUTTA, Oct. 16 (UPI): A young man while removing an electric bulb from a signboard was fatally electrocuted this morning in Ballygunge area.

INDIA PREPARED TO HELP U.N.

No Withdrawal From That Body, Says Nehru

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, October 16.

"IN spite of its weaknesses and failings, the U.N. is a powerful force for holding together the world and even though India may disagree with some of its resolutions, there is no question of her withdrawal from that body," declared Prime Minister Pandit Nehru today.

He said: "What is happening today is, I believe, an attempt to change the basic character of the Charter of the U.N. That is a serious affair because we are going beyond what it was meant to be."

Pandit Nehru was addressing a press conference in New Delhi.

India, he said, would be prepared to help the U.N. to resist aggression by force to the best of its ability and capacity, but according to its own thought and according to its own views on the subject.

On the non-recognition of Communist China in the U.N., the Prime Minister said: "To me it is as clear as daylight that whatever the reasons, the refusal to recognise this patent fact of a great Asian country, more solid, more unified and more centralised than at any time in its previous history, is an astounding and amazing phenomenon."

NO-WAR PROPOSAL: The Prime Minister said that he was prepared to declare on behalf of India that in regard to Kashmir "we will not take any war-like action unless we are attacked or further aggression takes place."

EAST BENGAL: The conditions in East Bengal and West Bengal are on the whole improving.

Pandit Nehru also made a reference to Mr. Jogendra Nath Mandal's statement on his resignation from the Pakistan Cabinet.

(Details on Page 5)

HYSTERIA IN THE SOUTH

Eight Arrests

MADRAS, Oct. 16 (PTI): Eight members of the Dravidian Federation were arrested here this evening while picketing a cloth shop and a restaurant owned by North Indians.

The executive of the Dravidian Federation had recently passed a resolution calling upon its members to picket cloth shops and restaurants owned by "North Indians" and to "boycott all forms of North Indian business to prevent money from flowing from south to north."

The pickets, holding placards, postcards, posted themselves in front of the shops and shouted "Down with North Indian domination" and "Dravidanad for Dravidians."

Large crowds gathered around the pickets and after a while, the police arrested them on a charge of causing obstruction.

FOUR YEARS R. I. FOR CONSPIRACY

BANGALORE, Oct. 16 (PTI): Three Indian Air Force personnel were sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of "conspiring with other persons to cause a mutiny" in the I.A.F. station, Jalahalli by a general court martial held at the I.A.F. station, Jalahalli, 10 miles from Bangalore. Two others were acquitted. The Commander-in-Chief while confirming the findings and sentence remitted two years' R.I. in case of each of the three sentenced.

ANAND, Oct. 16, (PTI): Mr. K. M. Munshi told pressmen here today that the Union Government had allotted an extra quota of 8,000 tons of sugar to all the States during this month in view of the Moharrum, Puja and Divali festivals.

61 Mills Roar Into Action

67 Men Freed

BOMBAY, Monday.

IT was a pleasure to hear all the textile mills in the City swing into roaring action today after sixty-two days of inactivity. Sixty-one mills went full blast, spinning and weaving and dyeing and bleaching, with 130,085 workers. The sixty-second, the Kurla Mills, was still silent, but this was due to a shortage of duffer boys.

Sixty-seven persons arrested in connection with the strike and detained under the Preventive Detention Act were released today on the orders of the Police Commissioner. The rest of the detenus will be soon freed, it was announced officially tonight.

The Millowners' Association today drew the attention of the Industrial Appellate Tribunal to what it called a "discrepancy." The Association pointed out that since the question of awarding bonus to those who had worked only for 32 days and to those who were dismissed for misconduct was never brought up in its memorandum and hence the Tribunal had "no jurisdiction" in giving a decision in this respect.

It was expected that the Association will file a regular petition.

No definite assurance was forthcoming from the Millowners' Association today whether or not the workers will be victimised in any way.

LABOUR RELATIONS BILL

Changes In Draft Likely

LUCKNOW, Oct. 16. (UPI): The draft Labour Relations Bill is likely to undergo some substantial changes to meet the view-point of labour in the Parliamentary Select Committee which will begin its meetings from November 2 to finalise the Bill, UPI understands.

It is learnt that the Labour Ministry, Government of India, has sent a memorandum to the Committee suggesting certain changes of a more or less fundamental nature in the Bill. One of the suggestions is to make retrenchment of employees—, a question of industrial dispute—subject to certain conditions. At present retrenchment is beyond the scope of disputes. Similar dismissal for valid reasons does not also form a dispute according to the draft Bill but the Labour Ministry has proposed that the employer should prove before a tribunal whether a particular dismissal is for valid reasons and if the tribunal holds that it is not, it should be considered a matter of dispute.

The Bill aims at expediting conciliation machinery so that the least possible delay is involved in the settlement of disputes. The draft provides that on the failure of conciliation the matter will have to be referred to the Government by either of the parties before it is taken for arbitration. There is a proposal that on the failure of conciliation efforts the parties should be authorised to refer the dispute straight for arbitration.

Rubber Booms

LONDON, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter):—Rubber today reached its highest sterling price for 38 years, and then broke sharply.

In Singapore and at one time in London, its price surpassed the peak of the 1925 boom. A Hong Kong order in Singapore, to cover a shortage for October shipment, drove the price to the highest level since the great boom of 1912 when the industry was in its infancy and fancy prices were paid for small quantities.

EARTH TREMORS STILL CONTINUE

NEW DELHI, Oct. 16 (PTI): Sadiya area of Assam still continues to experience earth tremors and some of these were last recorded on October 13, according to the latest reports received here. Almost all the houses in the villages of Sibo, Acholi and Soro, northeast of Sadiya, have collapsed, the reports said.

RETURNING MUSLIMS MAKE FALSE CLAIMS

Assam May Reconsider Policy On Land Restoration

SHILLONG, Oct. 16, (PTI).

MR. MOTIRAM BORA, Relief and Rehabilitation Minister of Assam, indicated here today that the State Government would have to reconsider their position about the restoration of lands to the returning Muslim migrants.

In a statement, Mr. Bora referred to the Press Note issued by the East Bengal Government in which an attempt had been made to refute a statement made by him contradicting a previous statement and said that the East Bengal Government "is vainly trying to make out a case that is not at all tenable".

Mr. Bora continued: "Displaced Muslims, who have returned from Pakistan, have claimed restoration of lands and almost ninety percent of them have already got back their lands. Only small patches of lands remain to be restored back here and there, and there have been claimants for almost all these lands as well.

"If so many lakhs of displaced Muslims are still in Pakistan, then surely we are restoring, or preparing to restore lands to false claimants and should stay our hands and evict these false claimants. What have the Pakistan Government got to say to this? In view of the Press Note of the East Bengal Government, I think we will have to reconsider our position about restoration of lands. I am afraid the East Bengal Government, for purposes best known to them, are going to make th eposition of returning migrants worse. I hope they will think thrice before restoring to such false propaganda for ulterior purposes. The returning migrants and the leading Muslim gentry in Assam are only regretting the action of the East Bengal Government".

ARMED DACOITIES IN WESTERN TIBET

ALMORA, October 16, (PTI).

REPORTS of armed dacoities in the outskirts of Western Tibet have been received here. Two parties of traders of Almora district, who were on their way home from Western Tibetan trading centres, were attacked by the dacoits recently.

The first party was of traders of Malla Darma of Almora district, and it was attacked at Mongole, by armed bandits who deprived them of their entire belongings.

The second party had a gun duel with the amed dacoits at Laa Chayoktan in Western Tibet, in which one trader was injured.

The reports add that so far there have been no deaths of any traders of Almora district in their encounters with Tibetan bandits.

Congress Victory In U.P.

LUCKNOW, Oct. 16 (PTI): The Congress has won the bye-election to the U. P. Legislative Assembly from Banda-Fatehpur Muslim rural constituency by a margin of 2,928 votes, according to information received by the State Parliamentary Board here today.

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Wanted experienced Travellers, who have actually handled and sold presentation articles novelties to upcountry Merchants. Bring application Onward Trading Company, opposite Gokaldas Hospital, third floor, Bombay 2. (2177)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Punjab Matric Admission forms now being sent to the University. Desirous candidates should apply soon. Study by post., P. C. College, Krishna Market, New Delhi. (8911)

A New Batch—Davar's College of Commerce—October enrolments commenced for all General and Specialised Diploma Courses in Commerce. Enrol immediately. Tuition person or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (2179)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

KIRLOSKAR BROTHERS LTD.
KIRLOSKARVADI, (S. SATARA)
NOTICE

THOSE SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company, who have not paid the call amounts of their shares inspite of the call letters and reminders are requested by the final registered letters to remit their due amounts before the 31st December, 1950. But those who will not receive the above register letters owing to the change in their addresses, are hereby requested to remit their all due amounts with interest before 31st December, 1950. On failing, their shares will be forfeited according to the Resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company.

KIRLOSKAR BROTHERS, LTD.

Date 13th October, 1950.

(8912)

INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT TELEPHONES, BOMBAY DISTRICT

IN CONNECTION with the Bombay Telephone Expansion Scheme a new exchange will be opened on Saturday the 4th November 1950, which, will be called 'Byculla Exchange'. It has consequently become necessary to change numerous telephone numbers.

A supplementary list to the current Bombay Telephone Directory will therefore be published on the 19th instant. Subscribers are requested to apply for their copies and take delivery of the same as early as possible from the Bombay Telephone District, Head Office, Amar Building, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, and all exchanges, as usual.

The numbers of telephones working in the area North of Masjid Bunder Road, Bhendi Bazaar, Sandhurst Road, Khetwadi and Charni Road have been changed to new numbers beginning with No. '7'. Subscribers calling telephones in the above areas are particularly requested to consult the new Supplementary Telephone Directory.

M. SUNDARAM,
General Manager,
Telephone, Bombay District.

8901

PUBLIC NOTICES

INDIAN RAILWAYS
Locomotive Manufacturing Works, Chittaranjan, District Burdwan
EMPLOYMENT NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of an Electrical Chargeman, Power Supply, in scale Rs. 200-10-300 for the Locomotive Manufacturing Works, Cittaranjan, from nationals of the Indian Republic by birth or domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of Indian States who have not acceded to the Indian Republic or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible, but a declaration or an eligibility certificate issued by the Government of India will be necessary in their cases before appointment. The post is temporary upto 31-12-1950. for the present.

QUALIFICATIONS:

Candidates should have passed the Matriculation or equivalent examination and must have sound technical knowledge with 8 to 10 years practical experience and be capable of carrying out with their own hands the erection, repairs, maintenance and running of Heavy Diesel Alternator Sets of the order of 600 KW, 900 H.P. Knowledge of General Electrical Engineering and experience in erection and maintenance of 11 K.V. Switchgear, Overhead Line and Transformer will be treated as additional qualification.

AGE:

Candidates must not be less than 25 years and above 45 years on 1-11-50. War Service candidates will be allowed to deduct their effective War Service for the purpose of maximum age limit, but they must submit their applications through the Employment Exchanges. Existing Government Servants in whose case the upper age limit prescribed above does not apply, must send their applications through their Heads of Departments or Offices.

DEARNESS ALLOWANCE:

As admissible according to Railways Rules from time to time.

Applicants should state in their applications (i) date of birth, (ii) educational qualifications and other attainments, (iii) details of experience, (iv) community, (v) nationality, (vi) in case of displaced persons from Pakistan, a copy of Refugee Registration Certificate is to be furnished.

Candidates with higher qualifications and exceptional abilities will be considered for a higher initial pay in the grade. Other things being equal, preference will be given to East Bengal Refugees.

Selected candidate will have to undergo the prescribed medical test before appointment.

Candidates are required to join early in November 1950.

Applications with the particulars stated in the preceding paragraph superscribed 'Electrical Chargeman, Power Supply', must reach the Deputy General Manager, Locomotive Manufacturing Works, P.O. Chittaranjan, (Burdwan), on or before the 31st October, 1950.

Applications must be accompanied by attested copies of Matriculation and other certificates of attainments as well as character certificates granted by two Government Gazetted Officers one Stipendiary Magistrate without which they are liable to be rejected. No interview will be granted unless called for.

Canvassing in any form will disqualify a candidate from selection.

GENERAL MANAGER

(8897)

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY
NOTIFICATION

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of the HARDINGE PROFESSOR of Higher Mathematics in this University.

The Professor shall receive a salary in the scale of Rs. 700-50|2-1,000 and shall be entitled to the benefit of the University Provident Fund so long as he will remain in service as also D.A. so long as it is paid to other University employees. A higher initial salary may, however, be paid to a properly qualified person.

He shall be appointed in the first instance for five years after which the appointment may be renewed for another term or it may be made permanent.

The duties attached to the post and the conditions governing the appointment are given in details in the University Calendar (Edition of 1942, page 73). Candidates must be scholars of high repute and must have extensive research work to their credit.

Applicants should state their age and full particulars of their academic qualifications and experience in teaching and research and also in guiding research work in their applications indicating therein in which particular branches of Mathematics their researches have been carried out.

Applications with copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) must reach the undersigned on or before 31-12-50.

S. C. GHOSH,
Registrar (Offg.)

Senate House
The 13th October, 1950

8908

PUBLIC NOTICES

COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Director, Central Leather Research Institute, Madras (India).

SCALE OF PAY:
Rs. 2,000-100-2,500.

QUALIFICATIONS:

(a) Doctorate in Leather Technology with wide experience of research in Leather Technology.
(b) The candidate must have wide experience in organisation and administration and should also possess capacity to initiate, conduct and direct research in leather and ability to integrate the research of different groups of scientists engaged on various aspects of Leather.

Applications with copies of testimonials and published papers should reach the undersigned by the 30th December 1950.

SECRETARY,
Council of Scientific and Industrial Research,
'P' Block, Raisina Road,
NEW DELHI.
(8909)

THE MARKAZI CO-OPERATIVE STORES LIMITED

Nawab Kamalkhan's Chawl,
Memon Wada, Bombay 9

THE SHARE HOLDERS of the Markazi Co-op. Stores Ltd., are hereby informed that the 6th Anual General meeting will be held on the 5th November, 1950, in the Stores at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sharp. The Shareholders are cordially requested to attend the Meeting Punctually The Balance Sheets of the A/cs and Audited Reports for the years 1947-48, 48-49 and 49-50 are kept open for the examination and can be seen in the Stores Working Hours."

For the Markazi Co-op. Stores Limited.
A. L. SARANG
Join. Hon. Sect.
(2175)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
SUMMARY SUIT NO. 1365 of 1950

Messrs. BENGAL WATERPROOF WORKS (1940 (Ltd...) a Company, incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 and having their registered office at Calcutta and branch office at Hornby Road, within the Fort of Bombay ... ... Plaintiffs.

Versus

Messrs. PRINCE STORES, a firm of General Merchants, carrying on business at Hornby Road within the Fort of Bombay ..Defendants.

To,

ESMAIL LALJEE, Partner of the Defendants firm abovenamed.

WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have instituted a suit in this Court against you, the abovenamed Defendants under rule 2 of Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for recovery of Rs. 10,511-8-6 with interest on Rs. 1,0511-8-6 at the rate of 4 per cent per annum from the date of the suit till judgment being the amount due as per five bills Nos. 168, 236, 248, 285 and 361 respectively, dated 1st May 1950, 29th May 1950, 2nd June, 1950, 13th June, 1950 and 12th July, 1950, amounting to Rs. 10,511-8-6 for goods sold and delivered by the Plaintiffs to the Defendants, costs of the suit and interest on judgment at the rate of 4 per cent per annum till payment. You are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you, within ten days from the service hereof, in default whereof the Plaintiffs will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such ten days to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 10,511-8-6 and the sum of Rs. 250|- for costs, together with interest, if any, as the Court may order.

If you cause an appearance to be entered for you, the Plaintiff will thereafter serve upon you a summons for Judgment at the hearing of which you will be entitled to ask the Court for leave to defend the suit.

Leave to defend may be obtained if you satisfy the Court by affidavit or otherwise that there is a defence to the suit on the merits or that it is reasonable that you should be allowed to defend the suit.

Witness MAHOMEDALLI CURRIM CHAGLA, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 3rd day of October, 1950.

(Sd.) A. R NARAYAN AYYER.
For Prothonotary & Senior Master

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYYER
Sealed.

The 3rd day of October, 1950

Messrs. RAMANLAL & HIMATLAL,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys

8910

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

1. SEALED TENDERS are invited on behalf of the Milk Commissioner of Bombay for Road Paving Part I and Part II in the compound of the Central Dairy Buildings at Aarey Milk Colony, near Goregaon.

2. Copies of Tender forms, Specifications and Schedule of quantities can be obtained from the undersigned, on or after 18th October, 1950, during Office hours on payment of Rs. 10|- per tender.

3. Drawings may be inspected in the Office of the Architects during Office hours on any working day.

4. Sealed tenders must be submitted to the Architects by noon on the 25th October, 1950, with a deposit of Rs. 2,000|- accompanied by a list of the more important road paving works already carried out by the tendering firm, their costs, dates and locations.

5. The Milk Commissioner of Bombay does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender and will before accepting any tender require proper evidence that the tendering firm will be able to carry out successfully the work within the period stated.

The deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned immediately, the decision of the Milk Commissioner has been received by the Architects.

M|s. GREGSON, BATLEY & KING,
Chartered Architects.
Chartered Bank Building,
Bombay 1
(8907)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF AUTOMOBILE SPARE PARTS

Under instructions from Party concerned, Messrs. MISTRY & CO., will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, 19th Oct. '50, at 11 a.m., at 23, Queens Rd., c|o. The Apollo Furnishing Co., opp: Charni Rd. Stn. huge lot automobile spare parts such as Remax gears, Austin crown wheels, Remax Condensors, 6 volt ignition coil, starter switches, Remax distributor caps, Stationary engine Gaskets, B.T.R. fan belts (Eng.), Remax Rotors Eng. Garage battery charges A.C., etc. and also MORRIS. 25 H.P. 1940/41, Truck, just passed, ON VIEW Auctioneers: MISTRY & CO. Tel. 22801.

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ASHOK KUMAR, MADHUBALA

*

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Ad. Bkgs. 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 3-30 to 8 p.m.

CAPITOL

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30

Also at JAI HIND, RIVOLI, PARADISE, BANDRA, NEW MODEL and KRISHNA (Kalyan)

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Spectacular Wild West Show
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IN TECHNICOLOR

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RAIN BRIGHTENS CROP PROSPECTS

8-Week Old Drought In Jubbulpore Ends

(From our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, October 16: The spell of the eight-week old drought was broken on Thursday last when city received welcome showers of rain.

It is believed that if the present weather continues for a few days more, nearly 30 per cent of the monsoon crops, which were sown late in August last and which had survived the prolonged drought, would be saved and the prospects of the winter crops would be brightened.

Ten Thousand D.P. Families Rehabilitated

(From our Correspondent)

GWALIOR, Oct. 16: Out of a total number of sixteen thousand displaced families in Madhya Bharat, ten thousand had already been rehabilitated, disclosed Mr. R. S. Sharma, Minister for Relief and Rehabilitation, during question-hour in Madhya Bharat Legislature on October 14.

Two thousand six hundred houses had been built for displaced persons while 350 were under construction, Minister Sharma added.

Replying to another question, Mr. Prem Singh, Development Minister, said that 6,699 acres of land were so far cleared by tractors in District Bhilsa so as to bring there 4,236 acres under plough. The production of foodgrains in the State was estimated to be accelerated by four thousand tons more, he added.

Prohibition In Mysore Not A Failure

(From Our Correspondent).

BANGALORE, Oct. 16.—Mr. K. C. Reddy, Mysore's Chief Minister addressing the merchants said in spite of the increase in the illicit distillation and smuggling of arrack in the State, prohibition policy could not be said to be a failure.

Speaking on the food policy, Mr. Reddy stressed that the Government schemes for increasing food production were seriously hampered by the lack of co-operation from the people. With regard to the demand for relaxation of the ban on transporting food within the State, Mr. Reddy said that the matter was under consideration and that early orders were expected.

Prohibition In Madras Working Satisfactorily

MADRAS, Oct. 16, (UPI): Mr. Sangiva Reddy, Prohibition Minister, told the Madras Legislative Assembly today that prohibition was working "very satisfactorily" in quite a number of districts in the State.

The Minister admitted that there had been some cases of misuse of licence to tap sweet toddy and in a few districts like the Rayalaseema and Chingleput and in Madras City, and said that suitable action was taken in such cases.

Judgment In 2 Punjab Detenus' Case Reserved

NEW DELHI, Oct. 16, (PTI): The Supreme Court reserved judgment today on two Punjab detenus' habeas corpus petitions which involved decisions on an important point of law as regards the nature of grounds to be supplied to detenus by the authorities.

Mr. Justice Fazl Ali, presiding judge of the bench which heard the petitions, said that judgment would be given after appeals from Calcutta and Bombay High Court's judgements relating to similar points of law were heard.

Pledge To Work For National Welfare

KANPUR, Oct. 16, (PTI): A resolution calling upon the constructive workers to check corruption was adopted at the open session of the State Conference of the Constructive workers here yesterday. The workers pledged devotion to the constructive schemes of Mahatma Gandhi. The Conference deprecated the party politics in the Congress.

By another resolution the Conference urged the introduction of basic education in junior schools in the districts.

Cement Workers Call Off Strike

MADRAS, Oct. 16, (PTI): The five-day-old strike of workers in the Dalmiapuram Cement Factory near Trichinopoly was called off today at the intervention of Mr. K. Kamaraja Nadar, President of the Tamilnad Congress Committee. The workers are expected to resume work tomorrow morning.

About 1,200 workers of the factory went on strike on October 12, demanding increased wages, bonus and reinstatement of workers.

Medical Education Survey Complete

NEW YORK, Oct. 16, (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Louis H. Bauer, American Secretary-General of the World Medical association, meeting here this week announced today that a world-wide survey of medical education had just been completed under the auspices of the WH.O. He told the delegates that a report on the social security systems in various nations and their relationship to principles adopted by the W.H.O. had been completed and the subject would be studied further.

NEED FOR RESEARCH IN AGRICULTURE

President's Plea At Anand

ANAND, Oct. 16 (PTI): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian Republic suggested here that research should help us to combine the advantages of old and new methods in agriculture and animal husbandry, so that people could adopt better methods easily and make the country self-sufficient.

The President was speaking after laying the foundation stone of the Munganlal Goenka College of Animal Husbandry and Nutrition in the Anand Agriculture Institute, this morning.

The President, who arrived here from Dohad this morning, was received at the Institute by the Hon Mr. K. M. Munshi, India's Food Minister, who had arrived here earlier today.

Mr. Munshi, who is one of the sponsors of the Anand Institute along with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, India's Deputy Prime Minister inviting the president to lay the foundation stone, said the new institution will be a very useful addition to the Institute which already possesses a school of agriculture, animal husbandry and dairying and an institute of animal genetics, nutrition and dairy technology.

To the institute are attached the 2,200-acre Chharodi cattle farm, the 800-acre Anand farm and 80-acre Surat farm.

A college of agriculture is run on the lines of the Folk Schools of Denmark to train farmers' sons in modern scientific methods of agriculture and turn our youth who will go back to the lands with knowledge of improved methods. The Chharodi Farm is doing useful work to preserve and improve the famous Kankrej breed of cattle.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, India's Deputy Premier, in a message, said such institutions could greatly help the nation as the science of genetics can help to multiply useful varieties of our cattle wealth and reduce uneconomic varieties so that we can fully exploit our resources.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad pointed out that despite our country being vast and mainly agricultural, we looked to foreign lands for our food and valuable currency is being spent every year to maintain a bare ration. If the people are only determined, it will not be a big thing to produce eleven maunds of food where we today produce ten.

The President referred to the calamities in various parts of the nation and said Assam has suffered earthquake while floods devastated large parts of U. P., Bihar, Punjab and draught in the south. This unexpected situation has forced us to import foodgrains against our decision to cut down imports. But other difficulties like insects pests and low yield could be fought with the help of science and this is where the new institute could be useful.

Referring to research work, Dr. Rajendra Prasad said our aim should be to improve time-old implements and combined with new methods make new things easy of adoption to the villager. Mixed crop and rotation crop are not new things but people may not take easily to new methods. The agriculturists may tarry to think out the effects of tractor cultivation on the land after twenty-five years but, as in the case of sugarcane growers of Bihar, new methods which can be proved to be beneficial will easily become popular among the ryots.

Earlier today, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, accompanied by Mr. B. G. Kher, and Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, visited the Kaira District Co-operative Milk Producers Union's dairy.

AIDING UPLIFT OF ADIVASIS

President's Tribute To Bhil Seva Mandal

DABOD, Oct. 16 (PTI): Dr. Rajendra Prasad yesterday visited the Bhil Seva Mandal, an institution founded by A. V. Thakkar for the welfare of the aborigines and Advasis of the State. He also visited other social uplift centres. Thousands of people from Panchmahals cheerfully greeted the President as he passed through.

The President visited the Bhil Sewak Sangh Kanyashram before he drove to the police ground where 20,000 people gathered to witness the silver jubilee celebration of the Bhil Seva Mandal.

Mr. L. M. Shrikant, President of the Mandal said that the Mandal was running 85 schools, 11 ashrams, 10 propaganda centres and helps about 3,500 students.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Chief Minister of Bombay, speaking on the occasion pointed out that 25 years ago, the problem of the aboriginals, who form a fairly considerable proportion of the population of the country, had hardly attracted the attention of the Government of the time.

HEALTHY CONTACT

"It is an achievement to the credit of Thakkar Bapa and the Bhil Seva Mandal that they have been able to show that the real solution of the problem is not to keep the aborigines confined and isolated as anthropological museum pieces, but to see that their contact with more advanced people is developed into a healthy comradeship to their mutual profit and for the welfare of the country as a whole".

The Chief Minister hoped that the Bhil Seva Mandal's successful work would inspire other such institutions in various parts of the state and the country.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad expressed his satisfaction that the mandal had, been doing very useful work.

A Sight That Was Never Seen

COPENHAGEN Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter): A scientific expedition left here yesterday to sail round the world to investigate sea life more than four and a half miles down the ocean.

Dr. Anton Bruun, Danish leader of the expedition, said before leaving "over one-third of the earth's surface is covered by sea more than twelve thousand feet deep. This area is almost unexplored."

"Nothing is known about organisms which may live below 24,000 feet. Our expedition will, we hope, reveal many strange creatures never before seen by the human eyes".

The expedition is sailing in the Danish naval vessel "Galathea."

2 PAK DAILIES BANNED

Opposition Stifled

LAHORE, Oct. 16, (PTI): The West Punjab Government on Saturday banned for one year the publication of two dailies "Qasid" and "Tanseem', organs of Jamaati Islam following publication in "Qasid" of alleged anti-Pakistan articles on Kashmir.

As regards ban on "Tanseem', a Government official said that Government was satisfied that separate existence of "Qasid" and "Tanseem" was only a legal fiction intended to evade law. In actual fact, the "Qasid" was another name for the "Tanseem" and vice versa.

Moulana Mandoodi, Chief of the Jamaati Islam has demanded the dissolution of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly, which he said, was incapable of preparing an Islamic constitution promised to the people.

Co-operative Farming In Mysore Progressing

(From Our Correspondent).

BANGALORE, Oct. 16.—Co-operative farming in Mysore is progressing "Five co-operative farming societies directly sponsored by the Government and two societies indirectly helped by it came into being in a short time. These societies together have brought under plough 1,300 acres and 1,000 acres have been sown with food crops.

The department of co-operation reports that the co-operative endeavour in house building is now being actively encouraged, and that in August, the Mysore Provincial House-building Cooperation was registered, and steps are under way to collect sufficient funds to finance co-operative house-building on a substantial scale.

Currency Notes Stolen: Suspect Arrested

(From our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, October 16: While attempting to run away with a bundle of currency notes, which he had deftly removed from the counter of the Provincial Co-operative Bank, Jubbulpore, a 28-year-old youth was caught red-handed by the public and handed over to the police.

A search of his person resulted in the recovery of Rs. 3,115.

It is alleged that one of the accomplices of the suspect, who remains still untraced was responsible for removing an insured cover containing G. C. notes worth Rs. 500 from the counter of the Lordganj Post Office, Jubbulpore yesterday where the cover was kept by the owner of the cover for handing over to the clerk on the other side of the counter.

Wiping Out Food Deficit In South India

(From Our Correspondent).

BANGALORE, Oct. 16.—In pursuance of Government of India's proposal to form a Southern Economic Board, to step up paddy production in the rice-deficit areas of South India, a meeting of the Board will be held here on October 23.

According to the proposal, the Board, in consultation with other member-States, will select a suitable paddy land for intensive cultivation to wipe out the deficit in South India. The Government of India have proposed to select three lakhs acres to come under this programme.

Malnutrition Cause Of Eye Diseases

(From Our Correspondent).

BANGALORE, Oct. 16.—Dr. B. K. Narayana Rao, leading Opthalmic Surgeon of Bangalore, in a talk with five leading Opthalmic Surgeons who have come from England on a visit to India, said, that one of the chief causes of eye diseases in India was malnutrition. On behalf of the Mission, Mr. Trevor Roper, pointed out how exchange of views between medical men from different countries helped the development of science and surgery.

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CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Asoe Shud 7, 2006
Muslim: Moharram 5, 1370
Parsi: Ardibehest 15, 1320
Sunrise 6-33 a.m., **Sunset** 6-15 p.m.
Hightide 04-18, 15-52 **Lowtide** 10-26, 22-03.

Today's Engagements

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: Lecture by Prof. S. G. Panandikar, 'India, A Welfare State', Town Hall, Fort, 6-15 p.m.

ROTARY CLUB: Rtn. F. V. Noel-Paton on impressions of the U.K., Green's 1-45 p.m.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE: Weekly meeting, 3-30 p.m.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: Mr. Roger Hicks on India and Moral Rearmament, Green's, 6-30 p.m.

Y.M.C.A.: Lecture on Psychic knowledge by Mr. W. M. Haylings, YMCA premises, Wodehouse Road, 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY LIBRARY ASSN.: Educational film show by U.S.I.S. at People's Free Library, Dhobi Talao, 6-30 p.m.

"BHAGYASHRI": Kannada musical to be staged by Kalopasak Mandal, Dharwar, at Poddar College, Matunga, at 6-30 p.m.

Second Death Anniversary Of B. G. Horniman Today

BOMBAY, Monday.

The second death anniversary of B. G. Horniman, the veteran journalist, will be observed by the Bombay Union of Journalists at 6 p.m. tomorrow, Oct. 17, at the Unions Club premises.

Devan Chamanlal, former Indian Ambassador to Turkey, will preside over the function.

"Asoka Chakra" Essay Competition

BOMBAY, Monday.

"ASOKA CHAKRA," a movement for Right Citizenship invites essays in English and of Hindi of about 3,000 words on— "IDEAL CITIZENSHIP IN FREE INDIA" and offers three Cash Prizes to the best writers—1st Prize Rs. 51, 2nd Prize Rs. 25, and 3rd Prize Rs. 15.

The essays must reach the Hon. Secretary, Asoka Chakra, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty, Bombay on or before 1st December 1950 and the prizes will be distributed in January 1951.

REGISTRATION OF CLAIMS BY DPs

Additional Facilities Granted

BOMBAY, Monday.

Displaced persons are reminded that the extended date for filing claims to immoveable property left by them in West Pakistan is October 31, 1950. They are advised to file their claims as early as possible.

As shortage of Indian Postal Orders of denominations of Re. 1 and Rs. 2 was reported from certain registering centres, displaced persons have been given an additional facility of paying the fee on their claims by money order addressed to the Joint Chief Claims Commissioner Old Secretariat, Delhi.

The money order receipt should be attached to the claim form and forwarded along with it to the Central Claims Office, Old Secretariat, Delhi. Recourt to money orders should be taken only if the Indian Postal Orders of the requisite denominations are not available, as payment of fee on the claims by crossed Indian Postal Orders is a convenient mode of payment for all concerned.

Postal or Revenue Stamps of requisite denominations are also accepted as fee for the registration of claims.

Industrial Disputes For Adjudication

BOMBAY, Monday.

The industrial disputes between the R. B. Anant Shivaji Desai Topiwalla Metal Stamping Works and the Indian Oxygen and Acetylene Company, Limited, both of Bombay, and their respective workers, on the question of payment of bonus have been referred by the Government of Bombay for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunals of Shri K.C. Sen and Shri Salim M. Merchant, respectively.

Simultaneously, the dispute between the C and J. Silk Mills, Vile-Parle (Greater Bombay) and its workers has been referred to the arbitration of the Industrial Court, so far as it relates to the question of payment of bonus for the year 1949, and for decision of the Wage Board for the Silk Textile Industry, so far it relates to the issue of fixation of minimum wages, dearness allowance and standardzaton of wages.

Tariff Board Enquiry Into Aluminium Industry

NEW DELHI, Oct. 16: The Indian Tariff Board's public inquiry into the protective duty-cum-subsidy scheme enjoyed by the Aluminium Industry will be held on Tuesday, October 17, 1950, commencing at 11 a.m. in the Board's office at Contractor Building (3rd floor), Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

The inquiry will continue on the following days, if necessary.

CORPORATION FAILS TO TAKE UP DRAFT BILL

Congress Asks For Special Meeting

BOMBAY, Monday.

FOUR members of the Congress Party in the Bombay Municipal Corporation sent in a requisition this evening, to the Mayor asking him to convene a special meeting of the Corporation on Tuesday next week, in order to discuss an item on today's agenda for which the House refused urgency, the Congress Party not being able to muster the three-fourths majority needed for such a purpose, as the Opposition voted solidly against urgency.

When the Muncipal Commissioner asked for urgency for the item, Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor, who presided explained to the House that the subject matter of the item was coming up in the form of a Bill at the present session of the Bombay Legislative Assembly now sitting in Poona. He said that if the House was keen on expressing its views on the matter, it could be done today, as there was not much time before the Assembly would conclude its deliberations and prorogue the present session.

When voting was taken, it was seen that 49 persons voted for urgency and 18 against. The Mayor declared that urgency could not be given as the requisite three-fourths majority was not forthcoming.

The item was a resolution of the Standing Committee based on a letter from the Bombay Government, accompanied by a draft Legislative Bill for amending the Bombay Municipal Corporation Act, containing provisions for the revision of salaries of statutory officers, reorganisation of Schools Committee and certain other features. The Standing Committee resolution asked the Mayor to send the approval of the Corporation to the Bill generally, subject to certain modifications. The modifications were noted.

SPECIAL MEETING

The item will be taken up at the Special Meeting along with certain other items.

While the Corporation transacted a certain volume of routine business, the day was marked by closures, rejections of urgency and a case of poll being taken.

The reason assigned by Mr. Dinker Desai, for refusing urgency to this particular item pertaining to a legislative draft bill, was that it had been circulated to members only last evening, and as such they could not be expected to scrutinise it within such a short time.

Another item for which priority was asked was also refused on account of Socialist opposition.

There was a mild breeze in the Corporation when in reply to some remarks from the Mayoral chair, Mr. Dahyabhai Patel, Leader of the Congress Party said:— "Do we not see the abuse of privileges of the House every time from the Opposition?"

Mr. M. Harris objected to the remark of Mr. Patel as unwarranted, but he was not allowed to speak further on his objection, when the Mayor said that he could not allow member to make speeches on "every interjection".

The remarks arose when members of the opposition were speaking on the resolution of the Standing Committee regarding the recommendations of the Shroff Committee on the question of financial assistance needed by the Corporation.

The refusal of urgencies by the Opposition was counterblasted by the majority party, who asked for closures every time the Socialists made speeches on different items.

THUNDER-RAIN IN TAMILNAD

All-India Weather

POONA, Oct. 16 (PTI).

The following is the daily weather summary for Monday:

The north-east monsoon is setting in the south of the Peninsula.

Tinderrain has been widespread in Tamilnad and South Deccan (Desh). Thundershowers have occurred locally in Malabar-south Kanara and Travancore-Cochin. Scattered thundershowers have also been reported from Assam, the Konkan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Rayalaseema and coastal Andhra-Desa.

Light temperatures fell appreciably in north-east India, outside Assam.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL Tuesday evening: Rainfall will be widespread in Tamilnad, Ravalseema and Travancore-Cochin and there will be local showers in Mysore and a few showers in south Hyderabad, south Deccan (Desh), coastal Andhra-Desa and coastal Orissa.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely in and around Tamilnad during the next 48 hours.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches for the past 24 hours from October 1, 1950 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. on Monday.

Abu 80 60 0 0 minus 0.4 Ahmedabad 96 68 0 0 minus 0.7 Ahmednagar 87 64 0 1.6 plus 0.3 Ambala 82 60 0 0 minus 0.5 Bangalore 66 0.1 7.1 plus 3.0 Baroda 97 69 0 0 minus 0.6 Belgaum 81 65 0.6 8.2 plus 5.3 Bhuj 96 68 0 0 minus 0.2 BOMBAY 89 78 0 1.4 0 Calcutta 94 76 0 4.4 plus 1.3 Cuttack 94 74 0 0.4 minus 3.0 Darjiling 64 47 0 0.9 minus 2.8 Dehra Dun 84 59 0 0 minus 1.1 Delhi 93 64 0 0 minus 0.3 Gwalior 97 65 0 0.1 Hyderabad 97 70 0 2.1 plus 0.8 Indore 90 61 0 0.1 minus 0.7 Jubbulpore 92 61 0 0.4 minus 0.6 Kanpur 97 66 0 0 minus 1.0 Kolhapur 85 68 0 7.6 Lucknow 95 66 0 0.1 minus 0.9 Madras 89 74 0.7 2.5 minus 2.2 Mahabaleshwar 76 63 0 8.2 plus 4.0 Mussoorie 67 51 0 0 minus 0.9 Mysore 83 67 0 2.7 minus 1.7 Nagpur 91 64 0 0.5 minus 0.5 Octacamund 66 50 0.1 7.2 plus 3.1 Panchmarhi 83 53 0 0.2 minus 1.3 Patiala 69 0 0 Patna 94 70 0 0 minus 1.6 Poona 86 67 2.8 plus 0.3 Rajkot 97 71 0 0 minus 0.3 Ranchi 93 63 0 1.1 minus 0.6 Shillong 68 48 0.1 2.1 minus 1.3 Sholapur 87 69 0.1 3.8 minus 1.2 Simla 63 51 0 0.3 minus 0.7 Surat 96 77 0 0 minus 0.8.

MORARJI PRAISES VILLAGERS

Unique Co-operative Effort

BOMBAY, Monday.

The residents of Sassoonwaghar, a small village in Bassein Taluka of Thana District, were the recipients of compliments from Shri Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, for the co-operative efforts they had made in constructing a bund running three and half miles in length.

The Minister, accompanied by the Chairman of the Khar Lands Development Board, Shri D. K. Kunte, paid a special visit to the village today to see for himself the achievement of the villagers who had completed the huge task within five months.

The bund, which was constructed under the Khar Land Development scheme of the Government, is 16 feet wide at the base and six feet at the top. It is five feet in height and is expected to give protection to a contiguous block of land admeasuring about 1,100 acres, from the ravages of tidal water entering the fields. Before this bund was constructed, the major portion of the land lay waste.

125 New Schools In Merged Areas

BOMBAY, Monday.

In pursuance of its policy of providing educational facilities in the merged State areas, most of which are educationally backward, the Government of Bombay has opened 125 new primary schools in such villages of the merged areas as had no schools at all. The new schools have been distributed all over the merged areas in 18 different districts.

The new schools will entail an annual expenditure of Rs. 2,75,000 on the Government.

Staggering Hours Of Flour Mills Revised

BOMBAY, Monday.

On a representation made by the Bombay Flour Mills Owners' Association that the present hours of closure, which change on alternate days, are somewhat inconvenient to millers, the Government of Bombay has decided to modify the hours of staggering of the flour mills in Bombay City, from November 1 next.

From that day, the flour mills lying to the north of the line connecting Mahalaxmi (Clerk Road) to the Kussera Receivng Station (Darukhana) will be required to cease working between 3 and 5 p.m. and those to the south of the line between 6-30 and 8-30 p.m. on all week days (Monday to Saturday).

Measures To Fight Cholera In Satara District

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Public Health Staff has been further strengthened in the two Satara Districts in order to intensify anti-cholera measures there. Mobile hospitals equipped with ambulances to bring cases from surrounding villages have been stationed at Satara and Sangli. Cholera was responsible for 163 deaths in Bombay State, during the week ended October 7. Out of these as many as 114 were reported from the two Satara Districts.

While plague was absent in the State during the week under report, there were 18 cases of smallpox.

Deccan Bharat Sikh Conference

BOMBAY, Monday.

The third Deccan Bharat Sikh conference will be held at Nander, Hyderabad (Dn.) from October 18 to 20.

Important Punjab leaders—Gyani Kartar Singh, Sardar Hukum Singh, Jethedar Udhem Singh, besides others will attend the Conference.

Car Turns Turtle: Many Injured

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 16: A car carrying a party of Congress workers to Dohad for attending the programmes of President Prasad got stuck-up in River Mahi sands and turned turtle.

Arjunlal a prominent Congressman was among the injured in the accident.

The injured persons were taken to hospital. The car and the driver have not so far been traced.

ROAD TRANSPORT ACT VOID

Important Decision

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar).

North Deccan Transport Ltd. ..... Petitioners

Versus.

1. The State of Bombay.
2. The Regional Transport Authority, North Deccan.
3. The Bombay State Road Transport Corp. .... Respondents.

Holding that the Central Legislature had abdicated its legislative functions in favour of the Provincial Government, Their Lordships held the Road Transport Corporations Act 32 of 1948 passed by the Central Government was wholly void.

By its notification dated 16th November 1949, the State of Bombay in purported exercise of powers conferred by that Act appointed the 3rd respondent Corporation with power to operate transport services in the State on 25th April 1950 respondent 2 granted a permit respondent 3 a permit in respect of sixty-six routes and rejected inter alia the petitioners' application in respect of the routes on which they had been operating.

Declaring the Act to be void on the ground that the Central Government had without laying down any policy left everything entirely to the Provincial Government, Their Lordships set aside the permit granted to respondent 3 and directed respondent 2 to consider a fresh the applications on their merits.

Sir Noshirwan Engineer, Mr. H. R. Pardivala and Mr. N. A. Palkhivala instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co., appeared for the petitioners.

The Advocate-General with the Assistant Government pleader appeared for the respondents.

STUDENTS AND THE R.S.S.

Interesting Petition Admitted

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar).

Prabhakar Waman Oka and another ..... Petitioners.

Versus

1. Nilkantha Trimbak Kelkar, Head-Master, M. H. High School, Thana
2. The Director of Public Instruction, Bombay.
3. The State of Bombay ..Respondents

An interesting petition praying for an Order under Article 226 of the Constitution quashing the instructions issued by respondents 2 and 3 to respondent 1 in their statement of policy or otherwise regarding the ban on students studying in secondary schools from taking part in the activities of the R.S.S., was admitted by Their Lordships at the Bombay High Court on Monday. The petition will come up for hearing in due course. The petitioners also prayed for a direction under Article 226 against the respondents to forbear from taking any disciplinary action against the first petitioner on his joining the R.S.S. as a Bal Swayamsevak and participating in its activities.

The first petitioner, aged about 11 years, is a student in the M. H. High School at Thana. His father, the second petitioner, is a lawyer practising at Thana and a member of the R.S.S. for over ten years. The second petitioner was desirous that his son should join the R.S.S. as a Bal Swayamsevak as he believed that that training would be conducive to his physical and moral well-being. He stated that the said Sangh was a purely cultural organization behaving in the orderly evolution of society, welding together diverse groups within the Hindu Samaj and revitalising the same on the basis of its Dharma and Sanskriti. On 9th September 1950 the second petitioner wrote a letter to respondent 1 stating that he understood that respondent 2 had issued directions not to allow pupils to take part in the activities of the R.S.S. and inquiring what action would be taken against respondent 1 if he joined the R.S.S. on 11th September 1950 the second petitioner received a reply declining to grant petitioner 1 permission to join the R.S.S. and stating that in view of the policy of the Government known to schools, suitable disciplinary action as advised by the D. P. I. may have to be taken against the first petitioner if he joined the R.S.S. The petitioners thereafter wrote to the Government but failed to get a reply and ultimately filed the present petition contending that the R.S.S. was a lawful organization and that the ban sought to be imposed on students against joining that organization violated their fundamental right as citizens "to form associations or unions" under Article 19 (1) (c) of the Constitution.

Their Lordships issued a Rule.

Mr. S. Baptista instructed by Messrs. Minocher Hiralal and Co. appeared for the petitioners.

Dassera Precautions In Bombay

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Commissioner of Police has issued an order prohibiting the slaughter of cows, bulls, bullocks, he-buffaloes, she-buffaloes, heifers and calves at any public or private place outside a slaughter house, and of any other animals in, or within sight of, a street or a public place, in Greater Bombay, for three days, from October 19 to 21.

By another order, the Commissioner has prohibited the import of the above-mentioned animals to any place south of Bandra and Kurla for five days, from October 17 to 21.

These precautionary measures are taken in view of the coming Dassera Festival.

The Pulse Of The City

GAMBLING: Maharbouri Police on Saturday night raided the premises of 'C' Ward rationing office at Lal Wadi, Vithalbhai Patel Road, and seized Rs. 1,165, including some marked notes and playing cards. Ranglal Mahendralal, Nichiram Jogiram and 19 others were arrested in this connection.

CHEQUE DISHONOURED: Jethanand Suchdeo, the Mehta of a city businessman bought cloth from a dealer and issued a cheque for Rs. 13,886 in favour of the dealer. The cheque was endorsed by his employer. The cheque was dishonoured and Jethanand was arrested on a complaint by the defrauded party.

FALSE REPRESENTATION: Joseph R. Cohen along with his son on October 9 went to a clearing agent and asked him to pay a sum of Rs. 24,000 for purchasing travellers cheques. They told the agent that the amount had been deposited with their friend Mr. Reuben Moses. The agent introduced them to Khanchand Mulchand who agreed to pay the amount provided the cheques were deposited with him. He later handed over the amount and accompanied the accused to the Lloyds Bank. While the travellers cheques were being prepared Khanchand left for some urgent work and on his return found the accused missing. Mr. Rueben Moses denied having received any money. The accused on Monday surrendered himself to police who recovered from him 176 cheques amounting to Rs. 23,636. The accused was released on bail.

ALLEGED MOLESTATION: Two persons were arrested, Monday morning, at Dadar Railway Station on charge of molesting two school girls.

BLACK DEAL: Razack Khimji, a wholesaler in denatured spirit, and Ismail Khimji, a retailer in the same commodity and Dhulai Khimji working along with the former were arrested for contravening rules regarding sale of denatured spirit. A drum of denatured spirit was loaded from the shop of first accused and taken to the shop of the second accused. Police who were watching all the while raided the place of second accused and seized the drum. No mention of the drum was made in the account books of the accused. Police later raided the shop of the first accused and found 106 gallons and four and a half bottles of the spirit less in his stocks. All the three were arrested, and later enlarged on bail.

LABOUR EXPLOITED: "No Government can function without the co-operation of workers. The Socialists had tried to prejudice workers in Bombay against Government with a view to creating public opinion for themselves. In fact, they exploited the working class as a whole to their own advantage in which attempt of course, they failed not only themselves but also the entire class of workers in this City" said Shri S. K. Patil, addressing a meeting of workers of David Sassoon and New Kaiser-i-Hind Mills, at Ghorupdeo.

Appeal Against Pugree Conviction

BOMBAY, Monday.

S. J. Kadimi appealed against his conviction and sentence of three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 2,000/- passed by a Presidency Magistrate.

The prosecution case was that the complainant Bajaj, a displaced Sindhi, who was in search of a flat was approached by Nandiram, a broker who promised to secure him a flat for Rs. 2000/- in addition to Rs. 200, his brokerage.

Bajaj informed police and a trap was arranged. On August 28, 1949 marked currency notes were handed to the complainant Bajaj. Police followed him in the guise of coolies. Bajaj then asked the appellant Kadimi to sign two letters and then obtained possession of the flat. He thereafter handed the marked money to the broker Nandiram and one Allabux, Bajaj's friend. Police arrested them immediately. The appellant Kadimi was arrested subsequently.

The appellant contended that he was not associated with Nandiram or Allabux, he did not also receive any 'pugree".

Their Lordships Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha and Mr. Justice Chainani admitted the appeal.

Mr. Cawas N. Daji, Mr. B. M. Mistry and Mr. P. R. Namjoshi appeared for the appellant.

Complaint Goes Back To The Magistrate

BOMBAY, Monday.

On a revision application made by B. M. Kadam against the order of a Presidency Magistrate discharging a notice issued against one C. R. Avasthi, who was charged with cheating by the applicant, their Lordships Mr. Justice Rajadhyasha and Mr. Justice Chainani ordered the complaint to be sent back to the Presidency Magistrate and directed him to hear it.

The complainant Kadam loaned Rs. 1500/- to the accused Avasthi, who agreed to deposit title-deeds of his property at Vakola, Santa Cruz as a security for the payment of the loan within 80 days. The accused failed to carry out the alleged obligation.

On a complaint by Kadam, the Magistrate issued a notice against the accused and after hearing both the sides, discharged the notice. Kadam submitted that the procedure followed by the Magistrate was bad in law and that no reasonable opportunity was given to him to prove his case.

Their Lordships allowed the application and ordered as above.

Mrs. Kusum Dalal appeared for the applicant. The Government Pleader appeared for the State.

INDIA NEEDS SINCERE SOCIAL WORKERS

Shri Tapase's Tributes To Mr Karve

BOMBAY, Monday.

Shri G. D. Tapase, Minister for Rehabilitation, Fisheries and Backward Classes, presided over the annual prize distribution function of the Mahilashram and allied institutions at Hingne, near Poona, last evening. These institutions were founded by Maharshi Karve. The Minister also declared open the dining hall of the Mahilashram.

Addressing a gathering of students and teachers on the occasion, Shri Tapase stressed the need for students to study things dispassionately in order to enable themselves to be good citizens. He complimented the teachers of Mahilashram and allied institutions, like Destitute Women's and Children's Home and the High School, who had infused the spirit of service in the students by their own example of sacrifice.

The Rehabilitation Minister said that India needed men devoted to the ideal of social good and added that institutions like those founded by Maharshi Karve could safely be relied upon for training the young generation to be good citizens. He explained to his audience how the country had become united after the attainment of freedom and how every citizen was now in a position to enjoy the right of equality, irrespective of caste, creed, religion or sex. He appealed to the younger generation to defend with all its might the freedom which had been won and to make the nation great. He expressed the hope that educationists would devote more attention to villages, which were to play an important part in shaping the future of the country.

More Time Allowed

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Chairman of the Working Party for the Cotton Textiles Industry, has decided to grant an extension by one month, upto November 23, for submission of replies by all the mills and millowners' associations to the questionnaire issued by the Working Party.

The Working Party was appointed early this year to study the condition of the textile industry and make recommendations for its improvement.

REGAINED LEVEL: China, under the Communists, has "in the main" regained her pre-war fuel production level, according to a despatch received in London from the New China News Agency. The Yumen oilfield, which produces nearly 80 per cent of the country's petroleum, has stepped up output by 24 per cent, it added.

TODAY'S RADIO

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17.

AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

Bengali 7-30 a.m., 2-50 p.m., 7-30. English 8 a.m., 1-30 p.m., 6, 9. Gujarati 6-45 a.m., 7-45, 8-15. Hindi 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. Malayalam 7-30 a.m., 7-30 p.m., Marathi 8-50 a.m. 12-50 p.m. Oriya 7-15 a.m., 1-10 p.m., 7-15, 8-15 p.m. Tamil 7-15 a.m., 2 p.m., 7-15. Telegu 7 a.m., 1-50 p.m., 7. Urdu 9 a.m., 8 p.m.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay 8, 7-40 Programme Summary, 7-45 Hindi by Sarla, Hindi Lessons in Gujarati, 8-15 R. R. Deodhar, Khayal, 1-10 p.m. As in Bombay 8, 1-40 Arthur Rubinstein, Pianoforte, 2-5 The Sadler's Wells Orchestra, 4-20 School Broadcast, 5-45 Yeshwant Mashelkar Sarangi, 6-10 B. R. Deodhar, Khayal, 6-40 Gulabbai Akolkar, Vocal Music, 7 K. V. Desai, L. G. songs, 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report, 7-45 For Industrial Workers, 8-20 Andeeth Parpia, 9-15 K. V. Desai, G. songs, 9-30 Side by Side, 9-45 When I was one and Twenty, Talk in English, 10 Side by Side.

VARIATIONS: 7-20 a.m. Mangal Prabhat, 7-40 As in Bombay A, 8 R. S. Bijoor, Bhairav, 8-45 Selection from Mitu Bhakar, 12-45 p.m. Tantrekari, 1 God Gani, 1-50 Bagdari, 4-20 As in Bombay A, 5-30 For Children, 6 V. K. Dhumme, L. M. songs, 6-20 For Villagers, Marathi, 6-50 For Villagers, Kannada, 7-20 V. T. Dhumme, L. M. songs, 8-15 Hindi by Radio, 8-30 Durache Diwe, Youva Nachi Bharari, 8-45 Kavya Darshan, Poetry recitation in Marathi, 9 Gulabbai Akolkar, Vocal Music, 9-30 Songs from Films, 9-45 B. R. Deodhar, Khayal.

BARODA

8-15 a.m. Shastriya Sangit, 8-30 Navnitlal Jariwala, 6-20 p.m. Instrumental Trio, 6-30 Programme for Rural Listeners, 7 Lessons in Hindi, 7-15 Yadavothi Rashtrakoolo, 7-30 Usha Mangalmoorty, 7-45 Navnitlal Jariwala, G. songs, 8 Gujarati Geeto, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 Films songs, 9-15 Navnitlal Jariwala, G. songs, 9-30 As in Ahmedabad, 9-45 Baroda Radio Orchestra.

AHMEDABAD

8-15 a.m. Pratap Upadhyaya, 8-30 Lalat, 6-20 p.m. As in Baroda, 7-30 Majoor Bhaio Mate, 8 Sthanik Samachar, 8-5 Mukunt Puranik, Bhajan, 8-45 Pratap Upadhyaya, G. songs, 9-15 Sandesh, 9-30 International Labour Organisation, 9-45 As in Baroda.

Despatch Of Sea Mails From Bombay

NEW DELHI, Oct. 16: The next despatch of overseas mails from India for Western Pakistan (parcel mails only), Iraq and Iran will be made from Bombay on October 21, 1950 by BIMS 'Daressa'.

Mails arriving Bombay Foreign Post up to 6 p.m. on October 19, 1950 will be included in the despatch subject to limit of shipping space.

DR. JAL R. PATEL

BOMBAY, Monday.

Dr. Jal R. Patel, Professor, Grant Medical College, Bombay, has been appointed honorary physician to the President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, it is learnt.

THE BANK OF MYSORE LTD.

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B. V. NARAYANA REDDY. General Manager.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALES

Date & Time	Place of Auction	Auctioneers
30-10-50 At 10 A.M.	The Bhagwati Medical Stores Depot, 121, J. N. Mukherjee Road, Howrah.	M/s. Mackenzie Lyall & Co., 3, Mission Row, Calcutta.

STORES:—Surgical Instruments, Dental Equipments and other Miscellaneous Stores.

Full details of the stores can be had from the Auctioneers. Permits to view the stores may be obtained from the office of the Director (U. S. Transfers), 8, Esplanade East, Calcutta, from 26th to 28th October, 1950

ALSO:—About 250 Vehicles for sale by auction at V. S D. Dhanbad and Nirsa (Bihar) on 30-10-50 and 31-10-50, respectively.

Auctioneers:—M/s. B. Lall Bros., 54, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta..

OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS). 6, Esplanade East, CALCUTTA.

AC/RCDC-375.

The Bombay Chronicle

THE CONGRESS EXECUTIVE

The personnel of the Congress Working Committee has been announced. Prior to its release to the Press by the Congress President, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru referred to his having consented to serve on the Committee and explained that he had agreed because he felt that the lead of the Nasik Congress could be best implemented by this action. He also said that, if at a subsequent period he felt that his being out of the Working Committee would serve that lead better, he would leave it. That is a hurdle which we can cross when we come to it. At present, there will be general satisfaction that it has been possible to include the Prime Minister on the Congress Executive. And with him have come in two veterans of the Congress, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad. A number of provincial Congress Presidents have been included, as the Congress President explained, because he desired to keep in touch with trends in the provinces. It is one way of settling the old conflict between Congress Committees and Congress Ministries though it may lead to practical difficulties in its actual working, particularly in those provinces where the differences have been acute. The fact cannot be ignored that, whilst five Ministers of the Central Cabinet have been included in the Working Committee, there is very little representation to provincial ministries. Except for Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, Chief Minister of Uttar Pradesh, there is no provincial minister in the Congress Executive, and it will not escape public notice that in Uttar Pradesh there has been the fiercest revolt of Congressmen. The old Congress tradition has been that in all conflicts between the Congress provincial committees and the Congress parliamentary party, the views of the parliamentary party will prevail. That position cannot be maintained unless differences arise between the different provincial chiefs in the Working Committee. In the first rejoicing over the aversion of a split in the leadership, it is natural that the implicatons of the selection are lost sight of. But the President has spoken of the Congress technique of inviting a number of persons to its Working Committee meetings and presumably he will not neglect the precaution of inviting Congress ministerial representatives from the States when matters concerning State policy are under consideration. From the remarks which both the Congress President and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru have let fall in connection with the policies approved by the Nasik Congress, there is every reason to believe that a united effort will be made to give effect to them.

After Mandal

It is interesting to observe that even those who write appreciative articles on Mr. J. N. Mandal cannot but refer to his opportunism. This is not surprising because that is the quality that stands out most conspicuously in his entire political career. But the remarkable feature of the episode of his flight to India is that the best commentary on his crocodile tears and and sympathy comes from Pakistan itself. We are not, of course, thinking of Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's statement in Pakistan's Constituent Assembly on Mr. J. N. Mandal. The Pakistan Prime Minister would quite naturally and inevitably have denounced in that language any one who had taken the same course regardless of whether the latter was sincere or insincere and regardless of whether his allegations were true or untrue. What we are referring to is the attitude of East Bengal Hindus towards Mr. Mandal and his statement. Dr. B. C. Roy the West Bengal Chief Minister has revealed that there has been no increase in the immigration of refugees from East Bengal. This is a clear and unmistakable expression of what East Bengal Hindus think of Mr. J. N. Mandal, especially because an increase in the influx would not have been unnatural as a reaction to his statement. Such reaction would not have been a proof of agreement with Mr. Mandal but a sequel to the mischief of the man's behaviour. For, it is quite true, as critics both in India and Pakistan, including Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, have pointed out, that Mr. Mandal has done his worst to put in jeopardy the interests of minorities by provoking the majorities in both. That is the first service this gentleman's conduct was calculated to render to his people. We have had no doubt that his mischief would fail in India. We are glad that in Pakistan too its Prime Minister has mentioned this dangerous aspect of Mr. Mandal's move and we particularly welcome as assurance that the security and interests of the minority in East Bengal will not be allowed to be affected by it. East Bengal has not, unfortunately, completely fulfilled expectations. But Mandal is a challenge to Pakistan to make a complete success of the Delhi Pact. The Prime Minister of India has just declared that on the whole conditions as between East and West Bengal are improving. Karachi can help effectively in accelerating the speed of that improvement.

Going, Going, Gone!

The laws of supply and demand work in devious ways, their wonders to perform. Prodded rather persistently by the thin end of the wedge of inflation, an enterprising Australian has discovered a novel means of pulling himself out of the financial coldrums. He has decided to raffle himself.

To auction oneself to the highest bidder is commonplace these days, and all manner of persons—particularly the more unsavoury seekers after political plums—do this, but to become prize number one in a lottery requires not only a devilish ingenuity but more than a moiety of brass. The holder of the lucky ticket will gain full and inalienable right to the fealty of this gentleman for a whole year.

This rather drastic cure for unemployment does not particularly appeal to us; more so since some of the sweepstakes fans have given out their plans in case they should be the lucky ones. Mr. Clive Evatt, one of the big-wigs in the governmental circles of New South Wales, intends to farm out this rash young man to a children's hospital.

But Mr. Evatt's plan is orthodox. Some of the others are not. Four men have taken a quarter share and propose to divide the unhappy chap among themselves to do the gardening for an hour a day at their respective homes. A few women, fed up with lazy husbands refusing to do the housework in their odd hours, have readily subscribed a pound each in the hope that at the end of the draw they will get this general factotum and handyman to run through the daily drudgery.

That the Australian is a born gambler is amply demonstrated by these overeager ticket-buyers. If the fellow had offered his services direct to any of them, they would have insisted on testing his competence before giving him the job.

So rather than have a rebuff from a prosaic plutocrat he has preferred to cast his future into the lap of chance.

The most intriguing thing about the affair is that one lonesome creature intends marrying the guy. In one way, this is understandable. All marriages are a gamble; this will only be one of those which is more so. We fear the poor fellow had not reckoned with woman's natural cussedness, and must be rueing the day he sold her a ticket. There is no time to be lost. He should immediately come out with an unequivocal declaration to the effect that while his services are available as per contract, his corpus is to remain strictly inviolate.

Else he might well be in the prettiest of pickles. Suppose a quartet of garrulous females went in for economy and bought a quarter share in this paragon—all with strictly honourable matrimonial intentions? Not Solomon in all his wisdom would be able to prevent a four way split of this latter-day Lothario.

Thought For The Day

When the measure of their tears shall be full—when their groans shall have involved heaven itself in darkness—doubtless a God of justice will awaken to their distress, and by his exterminating thunder manifest his attention to the things of this world, and that they are not left to the guidance of a blind fatality.

—THOMAS JEFFERSON.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

CAPE TOWN, October 14: A coloured graduate of Cape Town University, 24-year-old J. P. de Villiers Hendrickse, has been refused a passport to India where he has been awarded a scholarship under the Indian Government's scheme to promote cultural relations between India and foreign countries.

He was informed in an official letter that he could be issued with a passport for the United Kingdom, but not for India.—P.T.I.-Reuter.

* * *

"In my own view and in my regime", says the Congress President, "the Congress will have to follow a strict discipline and Congressmen will be subjected to a harder regime".

Hadn't it all better begin at home with the President declining to patronise anti-Congress Government, anti-Congress organisations?

* * *

Explaining relations between a Congress Government and the Congress President, the Congress President concluded, "It is, however, clear that the Prime Minister, belonging to the Congress Party is bound to carry out Congress mandates and policies".

As, in fact, every Congressman from the rank and file up to the Congress President himself is bound to carry out Congress mandates and policies.

* * *

By the way, the Congress President attended a reception given in his honour by the All-India Refugee Conference.

We are sure that among those present was—in view of his physical absence—a large well-garlanded portrait of Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia, Patron-in-Chief of the Conference.

* * *

Dr. B. C. Roy, the West Bengal Chief Minister, is reported to have said at Madras that Mr. J. N. Mandal's resignation from the Pakistan Cabinet had not so far caused any increase in the immigration of refugees into West Bengal.

Even East Bengal Hindus understand Mr. Mandal.

* * *

M. Jean Letourneau, the French Minister for Indo-China has declared in Paris that the military situation in Indo-China in "well in hand."

Whose hand?

* * *

Lake Success: The "Acheson Plan" for pooling armed forces to meet any aggression, as revised this week-end, is almost certain to be endorsed by the U. N. General Assembly, observers here believed today.

And after that?

* * *

On return from Wake Island, General Douglas MacArthur said at Tokyo: "I greatly enjoyed meeting the President and conferring with him and his advisers."

And we greatly enjoy that word "enjoyed".

* * *

It is reported from Tokyo that Dr. Syngman Rhee's Government has rejected the limitation of its authority to the area South of the 38th Parallel.

Trust to Dr. Syngman Rhee to rise to the full height of what so many think of, and expect from, him.

ATOMIC AIRLINERS WILL HAVE HIGH SPEED & UNLIMITED RANGE

SAN FRANCISCO, October 16 (PTI-Reuter).

ATOMIC POWER will make possible airliners combining "tremendously high speed with almost unlimited range", Sir William P. Hildred, British Director-General of the International Air Transport Association, said here today.

Looking ahead to the industrial use of atomic energy in his annual report, Sir William told the Association's sixth annual general meeting "we may then have aircraft with which we can really make money".

Civil aviation experts from 45 countries met here to discuss plans to make air travel cheaper and safer at the five-day annual Parliament of the World's airlines.

The IATA's 66-member airlines carry about 95 percent of the world's scheduled air traffic, linking more than 120 territories on a network over 500,000 miles of routes.

In his review of airline progress in 1949, Sir William said scheduled airlines had flown 870,000,000 aircraft miles (1,400,000,000 aircraft kilometres.) This was equal to 35,000 trips around the world and an increase of ten per cent over 1948.

They carried 27 million people—an increase of three million over 1948—for a total of 15,000 million passenger miles (24,000 million passenger kilometres) or fifteen per cent more than 1948.

Air cargo increased "spectacularly" by 20 per cent, reaching a total of 370,000,000-ton miles (600,000,000-ton kilometres) he said.

"Our safety record last year, as in the past, has been steadily improving", he declared.

Other steps forward had been the progressive modernisation of the airlines fleet of more 2,500 aircraft during the past year. After the first disruption caused by devaluation of sterling and other currencies in September 1949 "the underlying expansionary trend has reasserted itself". Sir William continued.

Referring to some of the benefits which 30 years of air transport had brought to the world, Sir William said the "air beef" scheme in northwest Australia was already "making cattle raising profitable where it had not been before and supplying more and better meat to the consumer at the same price."

"In northern India the almost impassable barrier of the Himalayas will soon be flown over by regular commercial air services from Calcutta to Khatmandu, the capital of Nepal. A three-hour trip by air will replace the arduous three-day journey on elephant and pony over the mountain ranges." (This service began last week).

In the Middle East 40,000 Jews had been flown to Israel from Iraq and an even larger number from the Yemen over the Arabian desert in the last year, he continued.

Air transport had revolutionised communications in Columbia, which is divided by three mountain ranges, and in Brazil, where journeys which used to take six months now take only two hours by air.

At today's session Mr. Warren Lee Pierson, Chairman of the Board of Trans World Airlines, took office as the Association's President, succeeding Dr. Albert Plesman, President and Founder of KLM, the Royal Dutch Airlines.

All Over A Cap

KARACHI, (By Mail).: A controversy on the colour of the cap worn by the Shahinshah of Iran during his recent visit to Pakistan cost 40-year-old Airdad penal transportation for life. Mr. Justice Vellani of the Chief Court of Sind pronounced the sentence on him for murdering Ghulam Haider, owner of a pan shop in Kalakote, Karachi—the man involved in the controversy.

The case was that an argument took place between the accused and the deceased on the morning of March 2. Airdad was of the opinion that the Shah was wearing a khaki cap while Ghulam Haider held that the cap was black. The same evening at about 7 p.m. Ghulam Haider was murdered by two persons who are still absconding. The murder it was stated, took place at the instigation of the accused.

Canton Thrown Open To Foreign Ships

HONG KONG, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter).—Foreign ships will be allowed to enter the Communist China port of Canton from today, according to a Chinese report reaching here.

The report said Chinese authorities in Canton, South China, had announced that vessels flying foreign flags would be allowed to enter provided they complied with the regulations of the Bureau of Harbour Affairs.

The vessels will be able to carry cargo and freight, the report added.

Nimmo As U.N. Military Observer In Kashmir

BRISBANE, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter).—Major-General Robert Nimmo, retiring General Commanding Queensland, has been appointed senior military observer for the United Nations in Kashmir, it was announced here today.

He will leave Australia within a fortnight.

Soviet Racing Car Sets Up New Record

MOSCOW, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter).—A new experimental Soviet racing car covered a kilometre (five eighths mile) in 17.56 seconds in tests on the Minsk highway near here.

This was equal to an average speed of 127.37 miles an hour and "a world record for cars of its class", speedwaymen claimed.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Sugar Prices

The new season for crushing sugarcane has commenced but so far the Government has not fixed maximum prices for crystal sugar, Khandsari and gur. In the local market Kolahpur new gur is sold at Rs. 21/- for 28 lbs. Thus the selling price of 1 lb. gur will be about as. 12. while the price of rationed crystal sugar is a little below as. 8. a pound. This shows that with the present disparity of price between sugar and gur, there will be an increasing impetus to produce gur which will yield 50 per cent more profit. When the production of gur increases, likewise there will be a reduction in the production of crystal sugar. The Government ought to have realised long before the consequence of allowing this disparity. It is anxious to see that large quantities of sugarcane are delivered to mills with a view to relieve the existing shortage; but as long as production of gur and khandsari continues profitable, it is almost impossible to think of increasing production of crystal sugar. It is true that the production of gur comes under village industries and naturally those, who are engaged in this business, find employment and an attractive profit but it must not be forgotten that this burden of higher price falls on the consumers. On one side, the Government as well as the Congress hope to bring down the general level of prices while on the other they pursue policies which allow the exploitation of the masses. The other danger of allowing a comparatively higher price is that it will encourage profit motives and some unscrupulous manufacturers with a view to earn maximum profits adopt methods of adulteration. Thus it is time for the Government to fix maximum prices before the season advances.

A Perfect System

Communists in East Germany appear to have perfected (if Allied reports are to be believed, especially as no Allied newspaperman was allowed to observe things for himself) a system of election by which they will always be returned to power. The voters can exercise the right of voting for only one party. As a matter of fact, there is no division according to parties, the voters being given the choice of either walking into the "Peace" booth or "Against Peace" booth. Nobody of course, would venture to walk into the "Against Peace" booth, but what it is surprising is that even wanted, people could not invalidate their votes as a last resource. The fact that a man has entered the "Peace" booth signifies that he is "or the official candidate, and it is not surprising that the official candidates have come out with thumping majorities. Election procedure is something which is agitating the officials concerned in India, and all devices, including the indelliable ink, are beng tried to check malpractices. The system of coloured boxes or boxes with symbols is said to have been approved to reduce the number of invalid votes, and while this system might be advantageous in a country where the illiterate outnumber the literate, it must not be forgotten that, unless a careful and impartial vigil is maintained, it might lead to something similar to the evil which besets East Germany in an exaggerated form today.

Men And Monkeys

There is in Delhi, it seems, a man who specialises in catching monkeys with the least inconvenience both to himself and to the monkeys. It is not a particularly pleasant job, but to add to his troubles, the monkey-catcher has to contend with a populace which believes that monkeys are sacred beings. Police aid had to be sought on occasions to rescue the man, while, one supposes, the monkeys were being rescued by the outraged spectators. It is really astonishing to what extent religious beliefs can carry a people. There is a feeling in the south that a cat should never be killed, and wise and far-seeing "purohits" have prescribed that if at any time a cat should accidentally be killed by a man, he should atone for it by making a golden image of it (or is it silver?) and presenting it to worthy brahmins after, of course, the appropriate rituals. The veneration which the cow receives is mostly due to religious sentiment, though of late a cultural and economic twist has been given to this worship-mania. But one wishes that this veneration results in lasting good to the monkeys, cats and cows. We seem to agree with the Poet, "Thou shalt not kill, but need not strive officiously to keep alive". It is a religious duty not an act of kindness. The way in which unwanted kittens are dealt with will make even the steely-hearted shudder, while the state of health of a large number of our cows will make any sane man wish their death as an act of kindness. It is true that it is much easier to speak in favour of the abolition of cow-slaughter rather than do something concrete to develop the cattle wealth of the country. But it is not necessary to emphasise which is the more important work.

Traffic In Permits

The pernicious practice of selling permits which was denounced by Mr. Hare Krishna Mehtab, Minister for Industries, is not a new discovery made by him. It was one of the war-time evils and an easy means of profiteering. There were people, who had no connexion whatsoever with any trade or industry, but were able to secure permits and to make profits on them. The Government's attention has now been drawn to this underworld of permit sellers masquerading as industrialists and businessmen. It should reasonably suspect the existence of this ubiquitous evil in any line of industry or trade which is subjected to the system of permit for any purpose. Permit-sellers, from Mr. Mehtab's point of view, are just middlemen. In fact, they are profiteers and should be dealt with as such. The middleman necessary to any industry or trade has an entirely different role to play in it. Virtually he is a party concerned with it. Since the system of issuing permits has still continued, the officials responsible for its enforcement ought to verify that permits are used by the parties to whom they were issued. The Government should also declare the practice of permit-selling an offence in the category of profiteering, so that an unwanted and hitherto unnoticed sect of profiteers may be eliminated.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Capital And Labour

A wealth of information was packed in the space of an hour by Mr. Naval Tata in his factual, informative and well-balanced talk at the Greens, last Thursday.

His masterly exposition of industrial and labour conditions the world over should be an eye-opener not only to our Government, who seem to have lost their way in the quagmire of a so-called mixed economy, but also to our labour leaders who in season and out indulge in tall talks of nationalisation of basic industries. To awaken the conscience of the authorities and infuse a new spirit in the people generally I feel that we should have more of such frank and outspoken talks.

—K. A. DHONDY.

Fishermen's Woes

Reports received from South Kanara suggest that fishermen there are being put to great hardship due to the recent restrictions imposed by the District Collector with regard to the selling of fish in exchange of food grains. Those who are found violating this order, it is reported, are punished severely. The exchange of fish for food is an age-long practice, and one on which the livelihood of many depends. The District Collector's action has put many families on the verge of starvation. The authorities must take immediate action to remove the restrictions.

—R. K. KANCHAN.

The Rajasthan Ministry

The failure of the Congress Ministries in Rajasthan has cast a shadow over its public life. The change from centuries-old despotism to democracy, hailed with the greatest joy by the public in the beginning, is now filling them with despondency. The feeling is growing from day to day in the public mind that the princes, with all their faults, had after all some traditions and theirs was at least a partially enlightened administration in the wake of the new times.

The need of the hour is that before the next elections the Congress Party in Rajasthan must win back the affections of the people. This is not possible so long it does not show its mettle for administration. There must be a reorientation of Congress policy in Rajasthan.

AKSHAI SINGH DANGI.

Delimitation

The draft proposal for delimitation of constituencies for Travancore-Cochin State are published from New Delhi and suggestions for modifications for the same are solicited by the Election Commission, Government India. The published draft is the cabinet sub-committee edition of the original draft proposal submitted by the delimitation committee appointed by the State Government. Various criticisms are levelled against this interference of the executive in their studied report wherein experts have tackled various knotty aspects of this momentous question. The authors of the original draft proposal, in their modus operandi, have, inter alia, accepted the principle, that in forming constituencies, geographical compactness should be aimed at without cutting villages into pieces and in the matter of nomenclature of constituencies, the appellations of ancient and important villages, towns, or divisions of cities are 'pro tanto' to be adopted and when controversy arises, other factors like strength of voters, territorial area, central situation of the village or town as the case may be were to be considered. These tenets of delimitation are universally respected in all the progressive democratic countries of the world and this was one of the basis on which drastic electoral reforms were effected in United Kingdom after the second world war.

Prima facie, it will be seen that in the cabinet-revised draft proposal as published from New Delhi many of these principles are violated. It is especially regrettable to note that ancient and historic place names like Puthenchira and Tripunithura in the Trichur District and Padmanabhapuram in the Trivandrum District are not retained in naming constituencies. It will be seeen that ancient place names like Canterbury, Westminster and Runnymede are still retained for constituencies in British Parliament. No political, party or parochial consideration stood in its way there and one hoped the same will be followed here because we have taken to the British model of democracy.

THOMAS MALIYEKEL.

Victorian Rail Workers Strike

8,500 MEN IDLE

MELBOURNE, October 16 (PTI-Reuter): The conciliation authority having refused to ratify an agreement between the railway commissioners and the workers to settle an earlier claim for increased wages and improved working conditions, 350 train crew members struck work yesterday. The stoppage has made 8,500 Victorian railway employees idle and affected 250,000 Melbourne travellers.

8 Killed, 2 Hurt In Plane Crash

LONDON, October 16 (PTI-Reuter): Eight crew died and two were seriously injured when two British Royal Air Force Wellington planes crashed over Lincolnshire yesterday. The planes were returning from exercise "Emperor," Britain's 8-day test of her air strength in which U. S., Netherlands, Belgian, Norwegian and Danish aircrews participated.

This brings the death roll in one day of the exercise to a probable 17. Earlier six bodies were recovered from the wreckage of a British bomber which collided with Belgian air force fighter over the Kent coast.

98 Per Cent Voters Go To Polls

BERLIN, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter): About 98 per cent of the eligible voters went to the polls in yesterday's East German elections, according to East German Central Electoral Bureau. Final results are not expected before next Saturday.

Dewey Will Back Eisenhower

NEW YORK, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter): Governor Dewey of New York announced he would support General Dwight D. Eisenhower for U. S. Presidency in 1952. He would not be a candidate himself, he added.

Terrorists Kill 8 Policemen And A Civilian

SINGAPORE, Oct. 16. (PTI-Reuter): Terrorists killed eight police and one civilian after ambushing their lorry on a rubber estate road in Johore yesterday, it was announced here today.

The terrorists halted the lorry with an electrically detonated mine.

The civilian was a telecommunications department linesman. Seven police and two civilian linesmen were also wounded. A security force patrol from a nearby estate drove off the terrorists, killing one.

FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS NOT UNDERSTOOD

Kania's Remarks Against State Legislatures

NEW DELHI, Oct. 16. (UPI).

INDIA'S Chief Justice, Shri Harilal J. Kania observed in the Supreme Court today that some legislatures had not yet realised the effect of the fundamental rights chapter of the Constitution on their legislative powers.

His lordship made this remark in the course of the hearing of a petition filed under article 32 of the Constitution, challenging the validity of the Central Provinces and Berar Regulation of Manufacture of Bidis (agricultural purposes) Act. This Act empowers the State Government to prohibit the manufacture of bidis (an indigenous smoke) in the agricultural season and also prohibits all residents of the "specified villages" from engaging themselves in the task of manufacturing bidis in the agricultural season.

The petitioners' contention was that the Act was 'ultra vires' of the Constitution inasmuch as it imposed restrictions which were beyond the power of the legislature. Another argument of the petitioner was that the Act defeated the citizen's fundamental right to carry on any vocation, trade or business and, therefore, was illegal and void.

GOVERNMENT'S CASE

Counsel appearing on behalf of the State of Madhya Pradesh, (formerly C. P. and Berar) contended that since the restrictions were imposed in the interest of agriculture and agricultural labour, they should be considered reasonable.

Asked as to how a restriction prohibiting all persons from engaging themselves in the task of manufacturing bidis was reasonable, the counsel replied that restriction had been extended to all persons because it would have been difficult to enforce the Act, if the restriction had been imposed only on agricultural labour.

Counsel pleaded that the administrative difficulties of the Government should be taken into consideration, while judging the validity of the Act.

Justice Mahajan: Every act is difficult to implement. Every Act of administration is difficult. If you cannot administer, then quit.

Telling the counsel to ask the Madhya Pradesh Government to improve the law rather than defend it, Justice Mahajan said "legislatures will have to learn how to legislate properly."

Chief Justice Kania: Some legislatures do not realise that effect of the fundamental rights' chapter of the Constitution on their legislative powers.

Their Lordships reserved judgment.

Nehru Deplores Non-Recognition Of Red China In U.N.

CAUSES OF FAR EAST UNREST

NEW DELHI, Oct. 16 (PTI)

PRIME MINISTER Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru at a press conference here today said that a great deal of trouble at the present moment in the Far East was due to the refusal and obstruction put in the way of China entering the United Nations. This refusal to recognise facts was "astounding and amazing".

India, he said, did not agree with the immediate crossing of the 38th parallel in Korea by the armed forces of the United Nations. India also did not agree with proposals to create separate armed forces on behalf of the U.N. in each country. "This seemed to us a wrong approach. It seemed like converting the United Nations into a larger edition of the Atlantic Pact".

"What is happening today", said Pandit Nehru later, 'is I believe an attempt to change the basic character of the Charter of the United Nations. Circumstances may compel a change sometimes, but it is a very serious thing and not a sort of thing which should be done in a hurry and without thinking of all the consequences".

The Prime Minister emphasised that any attempt to change the basic provisions of the U.N. Charter or to exclude any particular nation had far-reaching results, and India was opposed to it. He said that the crisis of the world required every country to search its conscience and to seek ways of action which led to the peace which all desired. "We cannot sacrifice tomorrow because of the passion of today", he said.

READY TO HELP U. N. WITH ARMS

Asked whether India was prepared to help the U. N. to resist aggression by armed force, Pandit Nehru said, "Absolutely, to the best of its ability and capacity, but according to its own thought and views on the subject."

Pandit Nehru said he believed that his foreign policy had the support of "99 per cent of the population or 99 per cent of the people who think about it in India."

Pandit Nehru refused to be drawn into the reasons that prompted him to join the new Congress Working Committee. When pressed he said "The Nasik Congress laid down or confirmed certain policies. If I feel that those policies will be helped by my being in the Working Committee, I am there. If I feel that I can help them better by not being a member and co-operating from outside, then I am outside. If I am in the Working Committee and I find at any time that I can help those policies from outside, then I go outside."

Pandit Nehru said that on the whole, conditions as between East and West Bengal were improving

MISUNDERSTANDING

In a preliminary statement to the conference, Pandit Nehru said:

"As there has been some misapprehension about our policy in regard to Korea and the situation in the Far East, I should like to make this clear.

"First of all, I would like to repeat what I have often said before, that we are not seeking or attempting to achieve the leadership of Asia or of any group of nations. Asia is a vast continent, including in its scope great countries with ancient cultures, with many dynamic movements and different problems in different areas. To talk of Asia as a political unit is misleading. It is our good fortune to be on friendly terms with the various countries of Asia, even though we differ from them in many ways and sometimes pursue different policies. We seek to understand each other and we feel that perhaps we are in a better position to have that understanding than people in other continents with entirely different backgrounds.

COMMON FEATURES

"The common features of Asia today are a reaction from the previous colonial regime, a resurgent nationalism, agrarian movements, a desire to get rid of our economic backwardness, and a passionate urge for freedom. In varying degrees these urges are found in different parts of Asia."

'Generally speaking, the countries of Asia are developing or wish to develop democratic institutions. Most of them are opposed to totalitarianism as represented either by Communism or Fascism. The idea of social justice, as embodied in Communism, attracts many people, but at the same time the ideology and the methods of Communist parties have been greatly disliked and have come into conflict with democratic nationalism. World Communism, in its expansionist aspect, just as any other expansionist movement, is considered a danger to peace and freedom. It appears, however, sometimes in the guise of a liberating movement.

NOT ONLY MILITARY

"This problem has at times its military aspects, but fundamentally we feel that it is a problem of winning the understanding and goodwill of the masses of the people. Unless the people have some hope in the future held out to them, they seek other remedies. To think of the military issue only is to misunderstand the problem".

DISASTER FOR ALL

"We do not think that it is inevitable for a world conflict to take place between the democratic world and the Communist world. Every effort should be made to avoid it, because the result of such a major conflict wil be disastrous—for the entire world.

"Given a period of peace, the inter weaknesses of any system will show themselves and there will be a tendency for each country to evolve on the lines best suited to its existing conditions and genius. Therefore, it is of paramount importance to avoid world war. In avoiding it, any aggression cannot be tolerated because that in itself leads ultimatelyto the war we wish to avoid. Aggression has to be met by military or other means, but military means should only be used when other means are not available.

"Otherwise, a war mentality comes into play and takes command of the situation and other methods are ruled out. Our country's history during the past 30 years shows that we do not follow a policy of appeasement and that we stand up against what we consider evil, whatever the consequences but we have always left the door open for conciliation and a peaceful approach. We try to adapt this policy in the international sphere."

"We have attached great importance to the United Nations because it held out the hope of international co-operation. This organisation was started by President Roosevelt and others as a special forum where all nations, even those holding different and contrary views, should meet together and try to find some common way of action. Any attmpt to change the basic provisions of the Charter or to exclude any particular nation, has far-reaching results and we are opposed to it.

"Since the beginning of this year, we have felt that it was essential from the point of view of Asia and the world for the new China to be admitted to the United Nations. This had nothing to do with our approval of any policies. It was a recognition of stark reality. To ignore it is to base one's policy on something that does not exists and the consequences, therefore, are necessarily bad. We think that if new China had been admitted into the United Nations at the proper time, the crisis in the Far East might not have arisen, and events might have taken a different turn.

KOREAN AGGRESSION

"When aggression took place in Korea, we in accordance with our policy supported the resolution of the Security Council. But when it appeared that the scope of operation might extend beyond Korea, we felt this was wrong and we could not associate ourselves with it. We urged even then that the new China should be admitted to the United Nations and the USSR should return to the Security Council. This seemed to us of basic importance both in terms of reality and in order to have a peaceful solution. It was patent to us that the USSR, and even more particularly China, were deeply concerned with the future of a neighbouring territory like Korea and that no satisfactory solution in the Far East could be arrived at by ignoring these two powers. At no time has India suggested that she would resile from her support of the U N resolution about North Korea's aggression. Had New China been admitted to the United Nations, India would have urged both China and the Soviet to co-operate within the Security Council in finding a peaceful and just solution of the Korean problem.

"After the collapse of the North Korean armies in South Korea, we felt the time had come for an effort to be made for a peaceful solution which could only be based on a unified independent Korea and a fresh election under the auspices of the United Nations. To cross the 38th Parallel without making such an effort at a peaceful solution appeared to us to be wrong and to involve grave risks of conflict on a much wider scale.

TWO RESOLUTIONS

"It is with this background that we viewed the two resolutions which were recently placed before the United Nations Assembly. There were parts of those resolutions with which we were in agreement. There were other parts with which we do not agree. We did not agree with the immediate crossing of the 38th Parallel by the armed forces of the U. N. We also do not agree with proposals to create separate armed forces on behalf of the U. N. in each country. This seemed to us a wrong approach. It seemed into a larger edition of the Atlantic like converting the United Nations into a large edition of the Atlantic Pact and making it a war organisation, more than one devoted to international peace. Because of our disagreement with major parts of this resolution, we could not join the Korean Commission.

India has tried to follow in all modesty and humility what she considers the right path and has tried to understand others' view-points. She does not claim infallibility of judgment, nor does she recognise such infallibility of judgment and monopoly of rectitude in any other country. It is unreasonable to expect unanimity of opinion on momentous international issues. It is equally unreasonable to seek peace by taking steps which make its realisation more difficult. Disagreement is often softened by a sincere effort at mutual understanding; recrimination only leads to a hardening of differences. The crisis of the world requires every country to search its conscience and to seek ways of action which lead to the peace which we all desire. We cannot sacrifice tomorrow because of the passion of today.

AVOIDING WORLD WAR

The whole idea behind the U.N. Charter, said Pandit Nehru, was that "You can have police action or military action on a small scale and the U.N. should be prepared for it" but that "you cannot really take sanctions against very powerful nations without having a world war."

The U.N. by its Charter tried to avoid a world war in the hope that when people met and discussed things, they might quarrel but they would not go to war and some way out would be found.

"If we set aside that approach, then we will find ourselves functioning in a completely different way."

Asked whether India would be prepared to help the U.N. to resist aggression by force, Pandit Nehru said, "absolutely, to the best of its ability and capacity, but according to its own thought and according to its own views on the subject."

Pandit Nehru said in reply to another question that in spite of its weaknesses and failings, the U.N. was a powerful force for holding together the world and even though India might disagree with some of its resolutions. "We shall try in our own way to press our viewpoint there and try to influence others." There was, therefore, no question of India's withdrawal from the U.N.

Pandit Nehru said that there was no question of India being opposed to or being in favour of the Atlantic Pact which did not affect her directly but she had not encouraged a Pacific Pact and thought that a move in that direction was not a right one.

NO DESIRE TO BE WORLD POLICEMAN

If the U.N. decided that each member-state should keep separate armies reserved for U.N. work, that would not really make any great difference because every country had an army and almost at a moment's notice a bit of it could be sent. At the moment, obviously the Indian Army was built for defensive purposes and its use outside would be rather a token use. Of course, her infantry could go anywhere and fight well, but normally, she would be averse to sending the Indian Army outside, because it would interfere with her outlook. "Much as we dislike a great deal that is happening in the world, we are certainly not in a position, and we have no desire, to function as the policeman of the world." If India had the capacity and the will to take any action, a bit of her army would be there. But she would object to that bit of her army being placed under any other control than her own.

Question: You have stated, "To cross the 38th Parallel without making such an effort at a peaceful solution appeared to us to be wrong and to involve grave risks of conflict on a much wider scale". Do you consider that that grave risk has passed?

Pandit Nehru: I should say that those grave risks are somewhat less than they were. I would not say they have passed, but certainly I should say they are less than they appeared to be about, let us say, two weeks ago.

PEKING TRAP?

Question: A statement has appeared in a foreign journal that in appealing to the United Nations not to cross the 38th Parallel, you acted merely as the mouthpiece of Peking and fell into the trap laid by Peking in your path. Have you anything to say on that?

Pandit Nehru: A great deal of the trouble at the present moment in the Far East is due to the obstruction put in the way of China entering the United Nations. It is about time everybody realised it. To me it is as clear as daylight that whatever the reasons, the refusal to recognise this patent fact of a great Asian country, more solid, more unified and more centralised than at any time in its previous history, is an astounding and amazing phenomenon.

"If the foreign policy of any country is based on unreality like that, that foreign policy is wrong and it will lead to unreal and imaginary results. We feel strongly about this. There is no question of likes or dislikes. It is a question of understanding the events that are there.

"We having come to that conclusion, we have followed along that line throughout and it was natural for us to try to avoid anything which might lead to a major conflict. Naturally, we have been in constant touch with various important governments, whether it is in London or Washington or Peking. We have been served well during these difficult months by our ambassadors in these big capitals and other representatives like our representative in the Security Council, Mr. B. N. Rau.

INDIA, WINDOW BETWEEN CHINA AND WEST

"We have conveyed frequently the opinions of one government to another, because we happened to be the only country which could function as a kind of window between China and the Western world and a peculiar responsibility came to us and we conveyed what the opinion of that Government was to the others and vice versa. But our policy has flown, naturally, from our conviction about China becoming part of the United Nations."

Question: Was it on an apprehension or advice from Peking that China would enter the North Korean fray, that India opposed the crossing of the 38th Parallel?

Pandit Nehru: You will have seen the statements made by the Chinese Government in public about that. They have said nothing to us more than that. They conveyed that to us, may be, two days before that appeared in public. They still take up that line.

PSYCHOLOGICAL MOMENT

Question: You were opposed to the crossing of 38th Parallel. What is India's attitude now that it has been crossed?

Pandit Nehru: We did not rule out the crossing of the 38th Parallel. We said that the time has come, as a time would come in any war, when the enemy's morale is broken, that we should seize hold of the psychological moment and get peace on satisfactory terms. The terms we agree and they are a united independent Korea and free elections under the auspices of the United Nations. It means that the United Nations authority extends for the purpose of free elections to North Korea. We feel that if the psychological moment was seized for peace, it might yield substantial results and the United Nations might have achieved their objective. It is worthwhile trying it.

MISINTERPRETATION

Question: A foreign journal has alleged that your attitude towards Korea has been largely governed by exigencies of domestic politics and the loosening grip of your political party on the country. Is there any truth in that?

Pandit Nehru: One of the difficulties of the situation is that it is quite natural for people to think of the domestic politics of another country in terms of their own. Now we have plenty of difficulties in India but I can say with complete confidence that no internal question or difficulty or suggestion or hint has come in the way of our fashioning our foreign policy. I do believe that it has the support of, call it what you like, 99 percent of the population or 99 percent of the people who think about it in the country. I have no doubt that the suggestion (in the journal) is a complete misinterpretation.

SINO-TIBETAN ISSUE

In reply to a question on Sino-Tibetan negotiations, Pandit Nehru believed that the Chinese Ambassador had advised the Tibetan delegation to carry on further negotiations in Peking and the Tibetan delegation thereupon had referred the matter to the Government at Lhasa. They were awaiting their reply.

Referring to a press report about the invasion of Tibet by the Chinese forces, the Prime Minister said, "I confess we were rather worried about it. We enquired from both the Chinese and Tibetan sides. Both replied that nothing has happened. In fact, there was some very minor border incident some months ago which has now apparently been told to a newspaperman who has put it as if a big thing has happened recently."

PEKING FAR REMOVED FROM COMMUNIST POLICY

Pandit Nehru said there was no doubt that the Chinese Communist Party were the leaders in the revolution in China and in the Government of China. At the same time it was stated that the Government was a coalition government embodying, so far as numbers are concerned, a majority of non-Communist elements. Their policy was devoted entirely to internal politics, especially their economic situation. "It has been universally recognised that they are far removed from what might be called the Communist policy, although the leaders undoubtedly are Communists."

YANKS GETTING INSOLENT?

Question: Don't you think that the attitude of America towards this country and Asian countries generally is becoming more and more bumptious, arrogant and insolent?

Pandit Nehru: I should imagine, if I may say so, that some of you gentlemen are not lacking in those qualities (laughter).

Answering another question, Pandit Nehru said, "We do not wish to displease the United States, or for the matter any other country, even though we may tell them our differences.

Surely, we cannot expect unanimity in regard to important matters of policy because that will mean regimentation. Now we talk about non-regimentation and the democratic way. Surely, we are not going to bring in the authoritarian way in international relations."

Replying to more questions about the United Nations, Pandit Nehru said, "Once the United Nations functions with more or less unanimity, there is no doubt that its will must prevail, backed by military forces, etc. Once it splits up into two huge warring groups, then the question of sanctions as such has no meaning and only the question of a world war arises.

"I can understand the use of military forces by the U.N. in Korea or any other place where aggression takes place. But when it comes to the possibility of a world war, if it comes in spite of us, it has to be faced, but the whole question is whether we try to avoid its coming as far as possible or create conditions where it is more likely to come.

ATTEMPT TO ALTER U.N. CHARTER

"What is happening today is, I believe, an attempt to change the basic character of the Charter of the U.N. That is a serious affair because we are going beyond what it was meant to be. I do not say that no change should ever be made—circumstances may compel change sometimes—but it is a very serious thing and not a sort of thing which should be done in a hurry without thinking of all the consequences."

Pressmen put a number of questions on Pandit Nehru's views on capitalism. Pandit Nehru humorously invited them to send him essays on the subject. He deprecated the tendency to talk in terms of 'isms' and said, "capitalism today is very different from what it was two or three generations ago. It is certainly much better, but whether it answers the questions of the day is another matter. Why not think of problems without attaching labels?" Ultimately he said, it was the human factor that counted, not the "isms". Whether Socialism or Communism played a good role or not would also depend a great deal on the mentality of the people running it.

No Warlike Action In Kashmir

NEHRU'S DECLARATION

NEW DELHI Oct. 16 (PTI).

PANDIT Nehru told a press conference today that he was prepared to declare on behalf of India that in regard to Kashmir "we will not take any warlike action unless we are attacked or further aggression takes place"

The Prime Minister who was referring to the correspondence between himself and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan on the question of "no-war declaration" said that India had made an offer for a "no war declaration" between the two countries, condemning resort to war for the settlement of any existing or future disputes between them. It was suggested that the settlement of such disputes should always be sought through recognised peaceful methods, such as negotiation or by resort to mediation or arbitration by special agency set up by mutual agreement for the purpose or by agreed reference to some appropriate international body recognised by both of them.

PAK. CONDITIONS

Pakistan's view point had been that such a declaration was too vague and that they should lay down a specific procedure with a time table for the settlement of each existing or future dispute. "We have pointed out that it is difficult to have the same procedure for disputes, or entirely different kinds, some of which may be justiciable and some not. Also that a rigid timetable would defeat its own purpose."

Apart from the General declaration that Pakistan had suggested, said the Prime Minister, the Government of India had made a particular proposal for the settlement of two of major disputes, those relating to evacuee property and canal waters. A Tribunal consisting of two judges from India and two judges from Pakistan, both of the highest standing, should decide these two disputes and India would abide by any decision they might arrive at.

He said that high judicial officers would normally consider any matter placed before them dispassionately and would usually agree. In the event, however, of their not agreeing, it would be for the Government either to come to a settlement directly or suggest some other ways.

"I do not know of any instance where two independent nations have gone further in devising some method for settling their disputes", remarked Pandit Nehru adding, "our proposal is an eminently practical and reasonable one. If accepted, it would immediately relieve the tensions that now exist between India and Pakistan. I am awaiting a reply from the Prime Minister of Pakistan."

"Normally we do not like any reference of a dispute to a third party" said Pandit Nehru, "and we particularly object to any proposal which brings in the third party at any stage. If special occasion demands we can have a Tribunal with outsiders associated with it, but to have such a permanent arrangement is really derogatory to both India and Pakistan by becoming dependent countries. I am not aware of any two independent nations doing that.

"I would like to know of any instance in the relationship between two countries where such a far-reaching offer has been made as we have made to Pakistan. There is an International Commission between Canada and the United States dealing with water dispute, etc. We are perfectly prepared to have such a Commission. They appoint their own judges and they do not import anyone from other countries. Let us have an International Commission like the one which Canada and the United States have."

Asked about Mr. Mandal's statement, the Prime Minister said that Mr. Mandal's statement dealt with certain facts and events that had happened between him and the Pakistan Government and dealt also with certain inferences. "I have naturally nothing to say about his dealings with the Pakistan Government", he said.

About certain facts mentioned by Mr. Mandal, the Prime Minister said, "Nothing in Mr. Mandal's statement, so far as I am concerned, throws any real light on the situation which I did not possess previously."

The Prime Minister said that he did not understand what exactly the people wanted to be done in connection with Mr. Mandal's statement, apart from criticising and complaining. Mr. Mandal talked vaguely about two points, namely, that Bengal should become one and alternatively non-Muslims should come away from East Bengal.

"I do not think either means are the only alternative feasible or desirable. We, therefore, pursue the policy which we have followed, varying it and making adjustments from time to time. The basic fact is not East or West Bengal. Apart from certain economic factors, it is relationship between India and Pakistan resulting from partition and all that has followed. That is the upsetting factor leading to all kinds of changes, political, economic and psychological. That is the continuous irritant to normality coming back."

MARKED CHANGE IN BENGAL

The Prime Minister said, "The conditions in East Bengal and West Bengal on the whole are improving. I regret that some time ago the Kashmir agitation, especially in East Bengal, was entirely so misconceived that we feared that it might upset the movement towards normality. We have, however, overcome it and progress is being made.

"A very marked change has come over the Bengal situation in the last month", he said. "People are returning to their own homes in a much larger number than before—both Hindus and Muslims. On the whole, in an average over 1,000 to 1,500 surplus Hindus are going back to East Bengal than those who are coming to West Bengal. I should imagine that 20,000 to 30,000 extra Hindus have gone back last month. There are many reasons why they go. One of the reasons may be that we have not been able to rehabilitate them here and that they have not got the facilities they hoped for. The fact is that there is not only in East Bengal but in West Bengal and other provinces plenty of unemployment. A large number of Muslims are returning to West Bengal because the economic situation there is bad."

"One of the main tests that we have applied in regard to migration is taking effect now. The Hindus are going back to East Bengal in a larger number. That does not mean that conditions in East Bengal are very satisfactory and need no improvement."

INDO-PAK TRADE

Asked about the non-resumption of trade between India and Pakistan, the Prime Minister said, "there is no question of not resuming the trade. Continually some kind of attempts are being made, but its resumption depends upon the exchange question. It may be decided in the course of a month. If that is decided trade will flow immediately. Even in the interval, there is no reason why some efforts should not be made to relieve tension somehow in regard to trade."

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.

Previous closing	..	38.14
Today's opening	..	38.15
Difference	..	+1
Today's closing	..	37.75
Difference	..	—39

Stop Press

THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT

LONDON, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter): The Parliamentary session which opened after the February general election will end on October 26.

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Sealed Tenders in prescribed form are invited for the purchase and removal of various types of X-Ray and Dental Equipment, Sphygomomanometers, Autoclaves, etc. Located at the Bhagwati Medical Stores Depot, Howrah.

Tender forms containing full particulars of stores, location, instructions to tenderers, tender opening date, conditions of sale, inspection permit and Earnest Money deposits, can be obtained from the offices of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Calcutta/Bombay/Kanpur, Directorate of Supplies & Disposals, Madras, and D.G. Disposals, New Delhi on payment of Rs. 5/- per set in cash or by Money Order.

Tenders should be addressed to the Director (U. S. Transfers), 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, AND SHOULD REACH HIM BY 4 P.M. ON THE 15TH NOVEMBER, 1950.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR—U. S. TRANSFERS, 6, Esplanade East, CALCUTTA.

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RANJI TROPHY CHAMPS. BEATEN BY 9 WKTS.

Worrell Plays Havoc On Matting Wicket

BARODA, Oct. 16 (PTI): The Commonwealth Cricket Team defeated Baroda, Ranji Trophy Champions, by nine wickets today after a hard fight for three days in oppressive heat on a matting wicket.

Having wiped of 79 of the deficit of 89 runs with eight wickets in hand at close of play yesterday, Baroda had every chance of drawing the match.

But Worrell who alone had prevented a batting collapse in the Commonwealth first innings, paved the way to their second victory of the tour by dismissing Vijay Hazare and Dattajirao Gaekwad, the overnight not-outs, in the first 25 minutes play this morning and by taking two more wickets later.

This bowling performance of Worrell, put Baroda in a struggling position and the inability of their captain, dour, hard-hitting Nimbalkar, to bat owing to his injured left hand further acted against them. But for a fighting 34 by Gul Mahomed, a dogged 24 by the Yuvaraja of Baroda and an audacious 29 not out, by tailender Ahmed Patel, Baroda would have been in a worse position. As it was, they did well to force the visitors to fight all the way to victory, leaving them to make 116 in just over two hours.

Worrell, before his analysis was spoilt to some extent by the long handle of Ahmed Patel, returned at lunch the analysis of 17 overs, 11 maiden, 9 runs and 4 wickets. And he claimed the first three wickets—Hazare, Dattajirao Gaekwad and Gul Mahomed—in 9.1 overs, which included six maidens, at a cost of only six runs.

The Commonwealth had more than two hours to collect the 116 runs for a win. They did it in about one hour and-a-half in spite of losing Harold Gimblett when the total was only seven. Worrell again shone with the bat collecting fifty-eight in a calm and confident manner, choosing the right balls to punish. George Emmett, who the opening batsman, scored fifty-five, executing a wide variety of scoring strokes during the later part of his innings.

SCORE BOARD

BARODA (First innings) 159
COMMONWEALTH (First innings) 248

BARODA (Second innings)

S.G. Powar c Emmett b Laker	12
S.K. Vichare run out	5
D.K. Gaekwad c Emmett b Worrell	33
Vijay Hazare c Ridgway b Worrell	32
Gul Mahomed c Barlow b Worrell	34
Yuvaraja of Baroda c Barlow b Worrell	24
J.M. Ghorpade st Barlow b Worrell	9
Vivek Hazare lbw Tribe	0
V.K. Gaekwad lbw Dooland	20
Ahmed Patel not out	29
R.B. Nimbalkar did not bat	
Extras	8
Total	204

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Ridgway	6	1	16	0
D. Shackleton	6	2	13	0
J. Laker	10	4	7	1
B. Dooland	16.5	4	48	1
G. Tribe	12	0	56	2
F.M. Worrell	28	14	46	4
K. Grieves	6	0	12	0

COMMONWEALTH (2nd Innings)

G. Emmett not out	55
H. Gimblet c substitute Rawtal b Vijay Hazare	5
F.M. Worrell not out	58
Extras	0
Total (for 1 wicket)	118

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Vijay Hazare	7	0	25	1
Ahmed Patel	6	0	16	0
Gul Mahomed	9	1	44	0
Vivek Hazare	6.2	1	26	0
D.K. Gaekwad	1	0	7	0

BADMINTON FINALS AT JUBBULPORE

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 14.

The Women's and Men's Singles finals of the G.C.F. annual badminton tournaments were decided last evening, both being won in straight games. In the former the old rivals, Mrs. Pinto and Mrs. Acharya, were engaged in an interesting struggle, and at one time it seemed the former would take her opponent into the third game when 11—11 was called, but Mrs Acharya clinched the issue with a terrific smash down the sideline. Starting well in the first game of the Men's Singles Berry shot his bolt after taking a 9—5 lead.

The results were:—

WOMEN'S SINGES: (Final):

Mrs. Acharya beat Mrs. Pinto 11—4, 12—11.

MEN'S SINGES: (Final):

S R. Chadda beat Berry 15—9 15—1.

For the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage.

4 p.m. Wimco vs Globe. (Practice).

5-15 p.m I.C.L. vs Aryans (Rovers Cup).

St. Xavier's Ground. Parel

5-20 p.m Parel Greanfield vs. Dandi United (Georgian Cup)

TABLE TENNIS

Times Sports Club. Hornby Road.

5-30 p.m. First and second round of upper half of Women's Singles followed by first and second round of second quarter of Men's Singles.

The Bails Didn't Fall

MELBOURNE, Oct. 16, (PTI-Reuter): Test batsman Neil Harvey, playing in a district game here, was clean bowled but had to be given not out when the bails landed back in the grooves in the stumps after flying into the air.

Harvey was 17 when Essendon left hand fast bowler M. Dillon hit his middle stump. Both bails went in the air and fell back on the stumps and stayed there.

Harvey started for the pavilion but the umpires recalled him saying he was not out.

Cricket rules state that the bails must fall to the ground.

M.C.C. Fare Well Against Colts

REG. SIMPSON'S GRAND CENTURY

BY REGINALD HAYTER
(Reuters Special Correspondent)

PERTH, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter): All goes well for the M.C.C.

Following their splendid start to the tour on Saturday they gave further evidence of her possibilities by commanding the first day of the two day game with Western Australia Colts here.

In ten minutes under three hours they dismissed their opponents for 103 on a perfect pitch, John Warr taking 4 for 33, and with the help of a century by Reg Simpson they put on 239 for the loss of two wickets by the close.

Warr gave a lionhearted display of aggravate fast medium bowling, Eric Hollies and Bob Berry used their brains judiciously in their slow bowling and the young batsmen with spurs to win again showed up well.

Free from any inhibitions or nervousness, David Sheppard, Simpson and Parkhouse demonstrated that they are likely to be a power to the side.

Simpson hit a classic 109 in two hours, and Sheppard was going well for his second successive century when apparently he decided to take risks in order to give a chance to his colleagues.

Denis Compton played confidently in the last half hour and again showed no trace of discomfort from his injured knee.

The following were the scores:

WESTERN AUSTRALIA (1st innings)

J. Rutherford b Warr 0, R. Sarre c McIntyre b Warr 31 J. Forsaith b Berry 19, I. Dick c Hollis b Warr 1, R. Strauss run out 3, B. Ryle b Warr 4, Watson not out 11, D. Duggins b Hollies 12, E. James c and b Hollies 4, H. Gorninge b Hollies 0, G. Carpenter b Berry 13, Extras 5, Total 103.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Warr 13|3|33|4, Close 3|0|6|0, Berry 13.5|4|24|2, Hollies 14|5|30|3, Brown 2|0|5|0.

M.C.C. (1st Innings)

Simpson c Dick b Strauss 109, Sheppard st. Duggins b James 57, Parkhouse not out 46, Compton not out 26, Extras 1. Total (for 2 wkts). 239.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Gorninge 11|1|58|0, Carpenter 6|0|30|0, Sarre 6|0|38|0, James 10|0||69|1, Strauss 6|0|38|1, Forsaith 1|0|5|0.

DAS CUP FOR RAINBOW

BOMBAY, Monday.

Rainbow Sports Club annexed the Dr. Das Cup Football Trophy by defeating Indian Naval Dockyard by the odd goal in three in the replayed final at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground, Parel, this evening.

Rainbow were the better side and deserved to win. The Dockyard forwards made no impression on the opposition. Their defence, however, gave a creditable account of themselves.

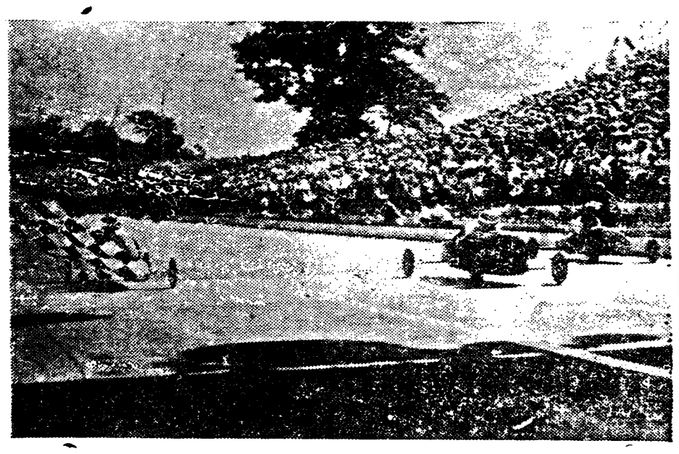
In the first half the exchanges were fairly even and neither custodian was seriously tested.

After the interval Rainbow S.C. saw more of the ball and kept the Dockyard defence busy. Dockyard were first to take the lead midway in the second half through K. LeFebvur who scored off a free-kick immediately thereafter. Joseph D'Sa neutralised the lead for Rainbow by converting a corner-kick taken by Michael.

Extra time was played and Baliram Indulker scored the winning goal for Rainbow in the first half of extra time.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 16, (PTI): Indian Air Force, Ambala, qualified to meet George Telegraph Club, Calcutta, in the final of the All-India Patu Majumdar Memorial Football Tournament defeating R.A.F. Sporting Club Allahabad by one goal to nil in the second replay this evening.

Soap Box Motor-Racing Derby



The Soap box Derby conducted in the U.S.A. attracts youngsters who make their own model powered cars from scrap. Picture on the right shows Harold D. Williamson (15 years) crossing the finishing line first and left he smiles wth the trophy.

LAHORE RAIDERS CONQUER BINNY

Goalkeeper's Lapses Pave Way For Victory

KANPUR OUTPLAYED BY BURMAH-SHELL

Raiders F.C. 2., Binny Mills 1.
Burmah Shell 3., Kanpur F.C. 1.

BOMBAY, Monday.

LAHORE, Raiders Football Club proved dogged fighters and match winners, when they triumphed by the odd goal in three against Binny Mills, Bangalore in their replayed second round encounter in the Rovers Cup Football Tournament. Later, Burmah Shell beat Kanpur Football Club by three goals to one, which qualifies them to meet Sporting Union, Calcutta in the second round.

The victory of Raiders stole the honours of the day. Two lapses on the part of goalkeeper Kuppuswamy cost Binny Mills the match. Binny have also to blame their forwards for their poor finish in goal area.

MANNAN OUTSTANDING

As for the Raiders, Mannan, the left-back stole the honours of the day, while goalkeeper Fazal recorded another versatile, performance. Others to impress were Niaz Taj and Fakhri.

The Raiders, outfit had certainly made their presence felt in Bombay by their dogged performance. This evening they exerted pressure from the start and had the Bangalore defence weakened, Raiders would have scored. Shouts of "Come on Lahore" rent the air every minute.

Both goals were subject to a chance. First the Raiders goal escaped when Cholneerial tested Fazal but found him safe. Then, the Binny goal escaped when Fakhri took a shot, but it went across goal dangerously. Niaz failing to connect with a header.

RAIDERS SCORE

The second period proved auspicious for Lahore. Goalkeeper Kuppuswamy let down Binny Mills bodly. He failed to grab a long shot and dropped the ball for Niaz, the grand Pakistan opportunist to score from close in.

Binny tried to draw level and left outer Chinaswamy was unlucky to have the ball robbed from his feet by goalkeeper Fazal, when he was about to shoot. It was a truly spectacular save.

BINNY EQUALIZE

Binny forced two corners and both were dangerous, but the second seemed to have a note of sensation as the ball was claimed to have come from outside and then from a scrimmage Arjunan scored from among a bevy of legs. The Pakistan captain approached Referee Dhankoti and lodged his protest.

One minute later, the fifteenth minute Rafi, playing centre forwrd put Lahore Raiders again in the lead due to a lapse again on the part of the Bangalore goalie. Niaz sent in a ground shot that goalkeeper Kuppuswamy attempted to collect by diving, but the ball rolled over him and Rafi scored.

Binny were rather unlucky. They could have saved the game, but Barackulla had goalie Fazal beaten and the ball passed outside, just missing the far end of the post. The match ended in a triumph for the Pakistan side.

The teams were:—

RAIDERS F. C.-LAHORE:— Fazal-ur-Rahman: Manzoor, Mannan; Aziz, Taz, Ashan; Miraj, Hadi, Rafi, Niaz, Fakhri.

BINNY MILLS, BANGALORE:— Kuppuswamy: Panchurenswami, Arjuman; Venugopal, Narayanan, Ramswamy, Gyonapra,gasan Choolneerial, Basisth, Barachulla. Chinaswamy.

Referee:— D K. Dhankoti.

KANPUR BEATEN

There was nothing surprising about the Kanpur sides defeat. They played a rather listless encounter and their only commendable effort in the late stages of the game were rather disjointed.

Shell played a defensive game in the second half and had Vaidya not managed to keep away the attacking forwards time and again, a draw may have resulted.

Shell opened their account in the fifth minute when Michael, the right outer sent in a feeble shot that entered the goal rather dramatically. The mistake was that of the Kanpur left back, Sircar who rushed across goalkeeper Babu Lal's view and obstructed him.

Burmah Shell failed to score with a point blank sitter. Michael was alone with goalkeeper Babulal and he failed to get the better of him.

Midway in the initial half Kanpur found their scoring openings, but both their chances were feebly kicked. Left inner Hafeez shot, but Santiago saved. Then centre-forward Rameshwar took a feeble kick with a lonely goalie before him.

Another splendid goal was registered by Michael for Shell when he cut in to score from a pass from the left. Shell crossed over with a lead of two goals.

KANPUR FIGHT BACK

Kanpur were able to reduce the margin in the twenty third minute of the second period when centre forward Rameshwar netted.

Just before the end Middlecoat lofted a long shot which had goalkeeper Babu Lal beaten all ends up to put Shell's third goal.

The teams were:—

BURMAH SHELL:— Santiago; St. Anne, Angelo; Vaidya, Middlecoat, Anthony; Michael, Rego. Maxie, Noronha, Hari.

KANPUR F. C.:— Babulal; Hamid, Sirkar; Radhey, Aziz, Manabir; Mukherjee, Rama Shauker, Rameshwar, Hafeez, Bashir.

Referee:— C. X. Godinho.

C.P. And Berar Prepare For National Badminton

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 15. (PTI): The executive committee of the C. P. and Berar Badminton Association at a meeting held at the Gun Carriage Factory Club here yesterday decided to hold tournaments from November 19 for the annual provincial championships.

Successful players will be selected by the executive committee to represent C. P. and Berar Badminton Association for the National Badminton Championships to be held at Nagpur early in December next.

SERVICES SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIP

NEW DELHI, Oct. 16, (PTI): The Inter-Services Swimming Championship will be held in Bombay at the Hindu Swimming Bath, Chowpatty, on November 4 and 5.

Air Marshal Ronald Ivelaw-Chapman, C.-in-C. of the Indian Air Force, will give away the prizes.

Aryans' Strong Bid For Rovers Cup

BOMBAY, Monday.

Aryan's from Calcutta are determined to carry the Rovers Cup back to Calcutta. Not satisfied with strengthening their outfit with seven Rajasthan players, they have added the services of two of India's best forwards, Appa Rao and Dhanraj of East Bengal.

Both these players are expected to fly down to Bombay on Tuesday morning in time for the game.

V. V. PRABHU SURPRISED

Times Shield Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Monday.

The surprise defeat of V. V. Prabhu at the hands of M. I. Parker was the main upset of this evenings programme in the Times of India Open Table Tournament.

In the Junior's singles D. Pundole had a hard time beating M S. Vyas. He won by the narrowest margin in the three games.

The following were the results:

JUNIOR'S SINGLES

K. S. Ganesh beat H. Bhatia 21-13, 21-14; A. B. Dhadphade beat S. Raja Rao 21-16, 21-15; F. N. Padiwalla beat G. N. Thadani 21-16, 21-18, P. Kharas beat V. D. Parker 21-13, 21-17; E. Havaldar beat S. A. Ghose 21-7, 19-21, 21-5; D. Pundole beat M. S. Vyas 21-20, 20-22, 21-18; S. L. Bajaj beat P. Dave 21-16, 21-7; S. R. Kehela beat S. Dastur 21-19, 21-13.

MEN'S SINGLES (first round)

B. P. Baliga beat Y. S. Nedarya 21-8, 21-16; V. V. Prabhu w.o. "B" player; M. I. Parker w.o. "C" Player; D. D. Walawalker beat A. Lopes 21-14, 21-13; H. D'Souza beat Dinanath 21-12, 21-14; N.S. Parulekar beat K. R. Swami 21-16, 20-22, 21-17; S. K. Kehela beat S. Raja Rao 21-13, 21-15, J. M. Lopes beat M. Srinivas 18-21, 21-13, 21-18.

SECOND ROUND

Soli Shroff w.o. G. Mascarenhas, B. P. Baliga beat N. S. Parulekar 21-15, 21-15; J. McNab beat D. Abraham 21-14, 21-12; M. I. Parker beat V. V. Prabhu 21-17, 19-21, 21-18; H. M. Khanchand beat U.S. Bangera 21-9, 21-17; D. D. Walawalker beat H. D'Souza 21-16, 21-12; N. Krishna Murthy beat S. R. Kehelar 21-15, 21-15; J. M. Lopes beat P. B. Gangadhar 21-17, 21-12.

BANDRA GYMKHANA RETAIN TROPHY

Lady Colville Cup Inter-Club Women's Badminton

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bandra Gymkhana, the holders of the Lady Colville Cup, the only inter-club women's badminton tournament in the city, retained the trophy this evening, when they beat the Willingdon Sports Club, their last year's opponents in the final, very easily at the P. V. M. Gymkhana.

Strongly represented by the well-known Indian player Mrs. Nobina Lewis, and Mrs. Phyllis Athaide (nee D'Lima), the holders proved to be much too good for their rival, and two matches sufficed to end the final.

The following were the results:—

Singles: Mrs. Nobina Lewis (Bandra Gymkhana) beat Miss Tehmi Vakil (Willingdon S. C.), 11-5, 11-2.

Doubles: Mrs Nobina Lewis and Mrs. Phyllis Athaide (Bandra Gymkhana) beat Miss Tehmi Vakil and Miss Shashi Bhatt (Willingdon S. C.), 15-7, 15-7.

Mr. Shushil Ruia, the vice-president of the Bombay Provincial Badminton Association presided and Mrs. Ruia distributed the prizes.

I.H.F. No Overlord Of Women's Hockey Organisation

BOMBAY, Oct. 16. (PTI).

MR. N. H. Tata, President of the Indian Hockey Federation, in a statement here today said that there was "not the slightest intention on the part of the I.H.F. to be the overlord of the All-India Women's Hockey Association".

Mr. Tata was referring to a report from Nagpur giving the views of Miss A. J. Cama on the relationship between the A.I.W.H.A. and the Indian Hockey Federation.

Mr. Tata said: "Miss Cama's remarks regarding the I.H.F.'s ignorance of women's international body are, to my mind, uncalled for and, I am sure, a result of misunderstanding rather than doubt regarding the sincerity of the I.H.F. to help them out. If some of the members of the I.H.F. are not aware of the existence of the Women's International Body which, according to Miss Cama, was founded in 1927, they are certainly not betraying their ignorance, because India has seen no evidence of this international body's interest in any shape or form till Miss Cama suddenly decided to secure affiliation to this international body by forming A.I.W.H.A. at Nagpur.

"Till this event took place, the entire credit for sponsoring, fostering, nursing and financing women's hockey in India goes to the I.H.F. and various men's local hockey associations.

The reason why this matter was not finalised at the I.H.F. meeting was due to the fact that some members of the I.H.F. wanted to know the inter-relation of the International Federation of Women's Hockey to International Federation of Hockey (Men's organisation). There is not the slightest intention on the part of the I.H.F. to be the overlord of A.I.W.H.A., and I am rather surprised that Miss Cama should doubt the intentions of the I.H.F. after all the evidence of co-operation I have given in my letters to her.

"I may say that the problem today for the A.I.W.H.A. is not recognition of this body by the I.H.F., but its recognition by various women's provincial organisations where a lot of resentment has been caused by the sudden appearance on the scene of this new body. It is the sincere intention of the I.H.F. to help the new organisation, and I have actually been instrumental in persuading some of the provincial organisations to recognise the authority and jurisdiction of the new body, and, therefore, to attack the I.H.F. in this fashion is to antagonise a well-wisher of the A. I. W. H. A."

Delhi Test Dispute

RECEIVER APPOINTED

NEW DELHI. Oct. 16, (PTI).

MR. PURSHOTAM SAWROOP, a Delhi-Sub-judge, appointed Mr. Rajinder Narain, a local advocate, as Receiver today to make arrangements for the First unofficial 'Test Match' to be played here from November Four between an Indian Eleven and the Commonwealth Team.

Twentythree members of the Delhi and District Cricket Association had in a petition to the Magistrate prayed for the appointment of a Receiver.

Defining the powers of the receiver, the subjudge, in his order, further said: "The Receiver shall have no right to interfere with the internal management. He shall have no right, whatsoever, to question the commitments already made by the committee. He shall have a right to look into all accounts regarding the test match and would be given access to all papers having a bearing on the accounts. All new commitments and payments, exceeding Rs. 1,000 shall be counter-signed by him. The money left after meeting its expanses, shall be deposited in a bank under a separate account which shall not be operated upon for other purposes without leave of the court."

Defining the duties of the present committee, the subjudge, summing up his order, said, "This finalises so far as the test match is concerned. As regards the other affairs of the club, I do not think the appointment of the receiver is called for to manage them. The receiver shall only sign the account and minute books of the club and the management of the association shall be carried on by the present committee as before."

He also ordered that the receiver shall be paid Rs. 500 as his fee for the time being by the plaintiffs.

The declaratory suit filed by the plaintiffs against the present office bearers of the Delhi and District Cricket Association will be taken up on October 31 end—PTI.

SUNDER CLUB BEATEN

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 16. (PTI): Gujarat XI won the three-day festival match against Sunder XI by eight wickets today.

Sunder XI were all out for 210 runs, adding 190 runs to their overnight score in the second innings. Gujarat made up the deficit of 104 runs within the last fifty minutes, losing two wickets.

State Women's Hockey Assn.

NAGPUR, Oct. 16, (PTI): The newly formed Bombay State Women's Hockey Association has been affiliated and recognised by the All-India Women's Hockey Association as the representative body for women's hockey in the Bombay State.

Miss A. J. Cama, Honorary Secretary of the A.I.W.H.A. announced this today.

GOOD PROSPECTS FOR ELECTRICAL INDUSTRIES

Need Of Research In Laboratories

Addressing the Third Annual General Meeting of the Indian Electrical Manufacturers Association, Mr. B. K. Rohatgi, President of the Indian Electrical Manufacturers Association dwelt on the current political and economic situation of the country. In his opinion if the world had to be saved the horrors of the Third World War the application of Gandhism was absolutely necessary as that alone could help to bring about a better and lasting mutual understanding between the different countries of the world professing conflicting ideologies.

DEVELOPMENT OF ELECTRICAL INDUSTRIES

Relating to the development of electrical industries he visualised very good prospects but he regretted that it had not yet been able to receive from the Government and public the same recognition and importance which was given to other industries. Unless this feeling of neglect and apathy was done away with Mr. Rohatgi said the industrial development of India would remain a distant cry.

He presented statistics to show that the production in the country in respect of the electrical industry was very far behind the installed capacity. He referred to certain difficulties of the industry which were hampering the achievement of targets fixed for each industry.

RAW MATERIALS

Referring to the raw material position he stated that the position had become acute recently as the quota licences issued after careful planning were not being honoured in time. The stockists in Calcutta were finding it difficult to supply M.S. Sheets, rods, bars, etc. which were mostly required by the Electrical industry. Such a situation had arisen last year also when the industrialists were assured that such things would not happen in future but he was surprised to find that they were faced with the same trouble again. The continued supply of raw materials was of vital importance to the industry as the absence of it could let lose violent forces and threaten the very existence of the industrial units.

IMPORT POLICY

While welcoming some of the provisions of the current import control Mr. Rohatgi went on to emphasize the necessity of better working in the machinery of import control and better co-operation and harmony in the various departments of the Government. Although some important raw materials such as electrical steel sheets, ball bearings and D.C.C. wires were indigenously available he suggested that serious efforts should now be made to produce on scientific lines insulating materials and good varnishes which are very important for the electrical industry.

Among others Mr. Rohtagi made the following important suggestions for the development of the Electrical Industry in the country:

(1) Increasing use of the Standard Specifications drawn up by the Indian Standards Institution and introduction of Quality Control Technique in production process.

(2) To train technical personnel in the art of Quality control technique, the industry should make use of the facilities offered by the Indian Society for Quality Control.

(3) The industry should make use of the Research facilities available at various Research Laboratories of the Government and supplement them by Researches in the Laboratories of the Workshops.

(4) Publicity and Propaganda of Indian products was of paramount importance and the industry should widely publicise its achievements.

(5) The Central Government should come forward to pay off the liabilities of undivided India in order to put more finances in the way of electrical industries.

INDORE MARKET

Bullion Prices Move Within Narrow Range

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, October 16.

Following were the final quotations in rupees on Indore stock exchange today: Indore Malwa 104, Hukumchand 361, Bhandari mill 550, Vinod mill 321, Kalyanmal 65, Kalyanmal preference 74, Rajkumar mill 55, Indore Bank 62.

Prices at bullion exchange and Bada Sarafa Association moved within narrow range. At Indore bullion exchange forward gold commenced at 111/4 later it improved to 111/7 but declined to 111/3/6 later in the day When exchange closed for the day yellow metal was placed around 111/4 3 At Indore Bada Sarafa Association forward silver opened at Rs. 182/2, highest touched 182/4, lowest 181/15 and closed 182/1/6.

NARROW PRICE MOVEMENT IN ACTIVE SHARES

Restricted Business In Steels

BOMBAY, Oct. 16.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was quietly steady and the turnover being limited, price movement was confined to a narrow range. As pointed out before traders are awaiting for fresh developments. Even the end of the Mill strike failed to attract business in textile issues.

At the opening Tata Steel Defd. shares were quoted at Rs. 1727-8 and declined at Rs. 1720 under scattered liquidation but recovered on short covering at Rs. 1725. Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 331. Bengal Steels opened at Rs. 21-10 and steadied at Rs. 21-9. Indian Irons opened at Rs. 30-15 and declined at Rs. 30-12.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 945 and quietened at Rs. 943-12. Kohinoor Mill shares opened at Rs. 312 and improved at Rs. 313. Sombay Burmas opened at Rs. 502-8 and advanced at Rs. 507-8. Scindia shares opened at Rs. 14-13 and steadied at Rs. 14-12.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (7-8) XD	941 8
Kohinoor Mills (6) XD	312 8
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	276 0
Central India Mills (66) XD	243 8
Simplex Mills (6-8)	258 0
Indore	103 12
New Great Eastern (3-2)	157 8
Gokak (12)	244 0
Century Spinning (15)	248 12
India Bleaching (8)	170 0
Swan (20)	326 8
Finlay Mills (15)	256 0
Morarji (4-8)	171 4
Edward	245 0
Meyer (12) XD	81 4
Apollo Mills (Rs. 4)	2 15 6
India United Ord.	11 13
India United Defd. (0-2-0)	1-13-9
Madhusudan (15)	153 12
Podar (9)	130 0
Khatau (5)	172 8
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord. (16) XD	331 0
Tata Steel Defd. (79-5) XD	1725 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	138 4
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	168 12
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	506 4
Belapur (9)	271 8
Shivrajpur (18)	43 0
Scindia Steam (9-8)	14 9
Premier Construction (4)	117 8
Tata Chemical	13 1
Tata Oil (1)	40 4
Indian Iron (6-12)	30 12 6
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	21 8
British India Corp. (0-9)	8 13
India Copper	2 11 6
Wimco (11)	230 0
Alcock (28-2)	310 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3)	161 0
Tata Power (25)	1615 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1447 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	56 0
Phoenix (6)	115 0
Indian Mfg. (40)	3350 0
Kuria XD	301 4
Colaba (12)	90 0
New City (11)	162 8
Minerva (12)	136 4
Bharucha	4 12
Bradbury	450 0
Bharat (2)	27 0
Mysore Defd. (4)	X.D 148 12
Madhavji (0-12-0)	26 0
Model Mills (12-8)	156 4
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	592 8
Vishnu Cotton (6)	293 12
Western India (40)	3005 0
Standard (15)	240 0
Sholapur (200)	3060 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	27 0
Hindustan Mills (40)	X D 3410 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	49 0
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	240
Sassoon Silk (2-10) X.D.	34 8
New Union Mills (0-8)	23 0
Madhusudan S (2-8)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (12-8)	190 0
Rais Bahadur (4)	60 0
Berar	255 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	111 14
Ahmedabad New XD	108 8
Surat Electric (5)	140 10
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 2
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 4
Amalgamated (0-12)	11 9
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	27 0
Poona Electric Supply (5-2)	126 4
Bombay Suburban (3)	140 0
Jalgaon	10 10
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (40)	1975 0
Imperial Bank P. (10)	478 12
Central Bank (1-8)	83 0
Central Bank New (1-8)	82 4
Bank of India (4)	178 8
Union (0-5)	7 3
Baroda (2-8)	125 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	35
United Commercial (1-8)	46 0
Jaipur Bank (1-8)	30
Hindustan Commercial	22 8
Mysore Bank (8)	385 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4980 0
Empire (10)	610 0
New India (2)	66 4
Jupiter (0-12)	12 14
Vulcan (0-10)	13 2
Indian Mercantile (2)	39 12
Universal Fire	8 14
B.I.C.	15 15
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	18 4
All India General	10 4
RAILWAY SHARES	
D. P. (1-14) XD	111 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steam (10)	240 0
Bombay Burma New (5)	165 0
Burma (Petrol)	1 9 3
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	51 12
Kemp and Co. (30)	342 4
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	90 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	85 0
Charamsey Chemical (4)	59 4
Mukund Iron	5 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	12 0
Alembic (15)	116 14
Supreme Industries	84 0
Bombay Uganda	65 8
Indian Cement (1937)	24 8
Walchand Nagar Industries (15)	175 0
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Mahamadi Steam	100 0
Gujerat Motor	26 0
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	39 0
National Rayon	68 0
Bombay Cycle	34 0
Jost, Co.	76 0
Digvijay Cement	70 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6) XD	195 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1248-12
Tata Power (7-8)	1350 0
Hydro Electric (7) XD	133 12
Bombay Steamer (6)	220 0
Central India (5)	631 4
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	268 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	215 0
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	108 12
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	345 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	133 12
Pre Construction First	101 0
Pre Construction 2nd Pref	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	136 14
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie (first)	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	99 8
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	80 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	
Bombay Steamer	98 14
Indian Pump Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	101 0
Walchandnagar (6)	106 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	3 2 6
New Victoria Mill	1 13
New Victoria Pref.	3 12
Phalton (8)	118 8
Gold Monor (20)	285 0
New Kaisari Hind	325 0
Sajjan Mills	115 0
Osmansnahi	115 0
Ajam Shahi	110 0
Air Services	4 10
Air India Tata	65 0
Hind Motor	6 2 6
India Steam	7 9
Tata Locomotive	98 8
Killick Industries	129 8

Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, Oct. 16

Quotations at 2 p.m.:—

Tata Ordinary 331-4; Tata Deferred 1725; Indian Iron 30-10; Steel Corporation of Bengal 21-9; Bombay Dyeing 943-12; Central India 243; Gokak 244; Kohinoor 312-8; Simplex 257; Swadeshi 275-8, Tata Power 1615; Associated Cement 170-4; Belapur 272; Bombay Burma (Old) 506-4; Scindia 14-11-6; Central Bank 83-8; New India 66-8; Tata 2nd Pref 138-8.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Oct. 16

MILLS

Apollo 3 2-15-6
B. Dyeing 945 46-4 42-8
C. India 243-8 44-8 43 43-8
Century 248-12
Elphinstone Ord. 56
Finday 256
Gokak 244 43 44
I. U. Defd 1-13-6 1-13-9
I. U. Ord 11-14 11-15 11-14-6 11-15
Indore 103-12
Kohinoor 313 12-8
Meyer 81-4
New Great 158 57-8
Podar 130
Sassoon Silk 34-8
Simplex 259 57 58
Svadeshi 277 74-8 77 75-8 76-8 76
Tata Mills 49 48-12 49-4 49
Scindia 14-12 14-14 14-10-6 14-12

BANKS

Baroda 125
Central 83-8 83
Central New 82-8 82-4
Imperial Old 1972-8 75
Imperial New 483-12 78-12
India 179-8 78-8
U. Commercial 46-8 46

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad 111-4 11-14
Ahmedabad New 108 8-8
Ajmer 10-4
Amalgamated 11-9
Suburban 140
Surat 140-10
Hydro 161
New India 66 66-8

STEELS

B. Steel 21-10 21-7 21-8
I. Iron 30-11-6 30-12-6 30-11-6 30-12-6
Tata Defd. 1727-8 30 25
Tata Ord. 331-4 32 31
Tata 2nd Pref. 139-4 38-4 38-8 38-4

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 308-12 10
A.C.C. 170 70-12 70
Belapur 271-8 72 71-8
B.B. Old 503-12 2-8 6-14 6-4
B.B. New 165
B.B. Petrol 1-9-6 1-9-9 1-9-3
B.I.C. 8-13-6 8-13
I. Copper 2-12 2-11-6
I.I. Trust 85
Port Canning 51-12
P. Const. 119 17-8
Shivrajpur 42-8 43
Tata Chem. 13-1 13-2 13-1
Tata Pref. 136-14
Tata Oil 40-4
Walchandnagar 175 73-12 75

SPECIAL

National Rayon Ord. 68
Broach Elec. 6 6-8
Berar Mfg. 255

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 16.

The local Bullion market was steady with slightly improved buying in Gold.

At the opening Forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 181-8 and improved at Rs. 181-14 on moderate buying but thereafter the market turned quiet on scattered realising and steadied at Rs. 181-10. Ready Mint Silver was quoted at Rs. 181-13 while Spot Bullion was priced at Rs. 181-6.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 110-14 and after declining at Rs. 110-12 improved at Rs. 112-1 on short covering. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 111-3 and Sovereigns were done at Rs. 75-4.

Today the Reserve Bank has invited tenders for 67 bars of silver but the market was steady on wall support and closed as under:—

Ready Silver	181	6	0
Forward	181	10	0
Ready Gold	111	0	0
Forward	110	14	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 16.

The Produce market was quietly steady. Groundnut prices declined on absence of support. Rajkot Castorseeds were quoted at Rs. 223-6. Quotations in the local market were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
Khandesh quality	42	4	0
Madras	42	0	0
Bold Ready	41	4	0
November	40	0	0
Bold December	38	2	0
Bold January	37	12	0
Oil Bombay Mills	73	8	0
Oil Railway Receipt	22	12	0
Oil October	22	8	0
Oil November	21	5	0

LINSEED

Bold Ready	41	14	0
Ready Satna	40	8	0
October	41	14	0
November	41	15	0
Oil	22	8	0

CASTORSEEDS

Bold Ready	32	12	0
Madras	35	12	0
October	35	14	0
November	36	0	0
Oil First Pressure	20	0	0
Oil Bazar Quality	19	0	0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Oct. 16.

Tata Ordinary	331	0	0
Tata Deferred	1721	4	0
Indian Iron	30	10	0
Steel Corpn. of Bengal	21	8	0
Bombay Dyeing	942	8	0
Central India	243	8	0
Gokak	244	0	0
Kohinoor	312	8	0
Simplex	258	0	0
Tata Power	1615	0	0
Swadeshi	276	8	0
Associated Cement	170	0	0
Belapur	271	8	0
Bombay Burma (Old)	506	8	0
Scindia	14	12	0
Central Bank	83	8	0
New India	66	8	0
Tata 2nd Pref.	138	4	0

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, October 16.

The following are today's quotations in Madras stock Market SECURITIES: Government of India loans three percent paper 96-4 three percent 1986-96 three percent 1970-75 99-2 three percent 1966/68 99/11. Government of Travancore three percent 1952/54 102/5 Government of Madras three percent 1956 100-1 three percent 1960 98/11.

BANGS: Travancore 15/2.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 19 Mysore 46 4 Travancore 6/8 do pref. 8/12.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 5/7 Cochin Malabar 6/10 Devashola 16/14 Highlandproduce 26/8 Kailas 1/9 6 Kalasa 13 Kapetta 22/4 Malantara 65 Midland 7/2 do pre. 5/13 Neelamalai 3/6/6 Nelliampathy 1/7/6 Ouchterlony 6/15 Peermade 56 8 Periakaramalai 33/12 Pullangode 1/12 Puthuthotia 4 9/6 Thirumbadi 2/15 T R and T Co. 7/6 do pref. 9/4 Vaikundam 11 Tex. Bang. woolen 238 Buckingham 140 do pref. 186 Cambodia 12/3 Coimbatore C M 157 Dhanalakshmi 249 Kanarahana 86 Lakshmi 77/8 Madura 23 Mettur 356 8 Pankaja 89 Radhakrishna 215 Rajalakshmi 85 Ranga Vilas 50 Trav. Rayons 4/9 Trichinopoly 13/8 Vasanta 111/8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 77 India Cement 16 Metrur Chem. 5/10 Mysore Chem. Fert. 9/13 Paper 12 Spencer 12/8.

DYES & CHEMICALS

Sharp Rise In Bleaching

BOMBAY, Oct. 16

Licences for import of Coal Tar Dyes have been freely issued and market has become dull. Efforts are being made to retain the level of the market rate so as to prevent sharp fall but forward sales at considerable low rate indicate that heavy imports when they will arrive will have to be sold at a considerable loss.

CHEMICALS: Sulphate of Alumina has come down due to heavy imports. Bleaching rate has sharply shot up to the level of Rs. 60 as it has day to day consumption and regular demand. As this item was not put under O.G.L. people were expecting licences for new comers will be issued but no new comers application being invited and they were disappointed. Thus the acute shortage has made the position very difficult for consumers to get their requirements.

SAPTHOLS—			
CAS	8	4	0
CBS	12	4	0
CBO	13	4	0
CSW	14	8	0
CSG	19	4	0
Fast Scarlet CKRC Base	12	8	0
Fast Scarlet SKR Base	13	0	0
Fast Red SKCR Base	12	12	0
Fast Red CB Base	15	8	0
Fast Garnet CKGBC Base	5	8	0
Fast Yellow CGC Base	7	8	0
Fast Corinth CB Base	8	12	0
Fast Orange CKGR Base	8	8	0
Fast Orange CGC Base	11	8	0
Fast Bordeaux CGP Base	13	0	0
Fast Blue CB Base	16	0	0
Fast Scarlet CG Base	7	8	0
Fast Red CGL Base	10	0	0
Fast Bordeaux CGP Salt	5	8	0
Fast Blue CB Salt	8	4	0
Fast Blue CBB Salt	23	0	0
Fast Scarlet CKR Salt	5	2	0
Fast Violet CB Salt	16	8	0
DIRECT COLOURS—			
Direct Black Extra	5	4	0
Direct Yellow 5G	11	0	0
Direct Sky Blue Extra	10	0	0
Diszo Black Extra	5	4	0
Benzopurpurine 4B	7	4	0
Tarquoise Blue G	15	0	0
Delta Purpurine 5B Conc.	8	0	0
Congo Red H Dark (56)	5	0	0
SULPHUR COLOURS—			
Sulphur Black 692	3	6	0
Sulphur Black CBO	2	9	0
Sulphur Black HK Grains	3	6	0
Sulphur Black Calco	2	14	0
Alizarine 20 p.c. Paste	175	0	0
Alizarine 100 p.c. Powder	8	4	0
CHEMICALS—			
Bisulphite of Soda	105	0	0
Turkey Red Oil	45	0	0
Monopol Napthol Soap	45	0	0
Sitric Acid	360	0	0
Soda Bycarb Powder	23	0	0
Sosa Ash Light USA	22	0	0
Ammonia Bycorb Powder	135	0	0
White Sugar of Lead	145	0	0
Brown Sugar of Lead	115	0	0
Tri Sodium Phosphate	85	0	0
Bleaching Powder Big	60	0	0
Bleaching Powder small	62	0	0
Nitrite of Soda	55	0	0
Sodium Sulphide German cwt pkg.	54	0	0
Sodium Sulphide Indian small	43	0	0
Sulphate or Alumina Pure	19	0	0
Aniline Salt	1	6	0
Bichromate of Potash	130	0	0
Bichromate of Soda	80	0	0
Caustic Soda	36	0	0
Acetic Acid	1	6	0
Borax Crys.	45	0	0
Formal De Hyde	0	10	0
Rongalite C	2	7	0
ACID BASIC AND OTHERS—			
Methylene Blue Extra	7	4	0
Metanil Yellow Elephant	2	8	0
Metanil Yellow Extra	4	8	0
Punkaj Magenta MCK Lumps	8	0	0
Magenta Extra O	9	0	0
Diamond Green	8	8	0
Bismark Brown Extra	4	8	0
Melachite Green Crys.	8	4	0
Auramine Extra O	8	8	0
Acid Orange Extra	3	0	0
Acid Scarlet	4	12	0
Kumkum Scarlet	7	0	0
Rhodamine B Extra 500 p.c.	19	0	0
VAT FAST DYES—			
Vat Blue GCDN	40	0	0
Vat Blue RSN	40	0	0
Vat Dark Blue BO	40	0	0
Vat Brlt. Green B 900	34	0	0
Vat Brlt. Green B 3200	131	0	0
Vat Brlt. Green B Highly Conc.	80	0	0
Vat Green B Paste	20	0	0
Vat Red Violet RH	45	0	0
Vat Yellow GC	45	0	0
Vat Violet 2R and 4R	55	0	0
Vat Black BB	30	0	0
Vat Pink R	65	0	0
PRINTING COLOURS—			
Printosol O	15	0	0
Printosol CO 4B	28	0	0
Printosol Blue IBC	70	0	0
Printosol Green IB	82	0	0
Golden Yellow IGK	75	0	0
Rapid Red	19	0	0
Rapid Orange	16	0	0
Rapid Bordax	21	0	0
Rapid Blue	16	8	0
Rapidozan Blue	35	0	0
Rapidozan Violet	28	0	0
Indigo 60 p.c. Grains	4	12	0
Indigo 60 p.c. 1 lb pkg.	5	8	0

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 16.

The Bombay circles were in buying mood here but there was no appreciable markets.

Closing quotation of share markets: Calico 289-8, Ambica 315, Jupiter 262, Arvind 773, Defd. 1724, New Shorok 555, Mahalaxmi 380, Shorok 291-4, Atul 75.

FLUCTUATIONS: Calico opened 287-8, Highest 290, closed 289-8, Ambica opened 313, Highest 316, closed 315, Arvind opened 767, Highest 774, closed 773, New Shorok opened 552, Highest 557, Closed 555, Defd. opened 1728, highest 1726, closed 1724.

The following delivery was given: Calico 314, Arvind 7, Ambica 136, Ashok 13, Monogramme 24 Arun 5, Marsden 4, Saraspur 53, Jupiter 2, Deffd. 139, Shorok 12, New Shorok 377. In all 1088 were given.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 16.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T.T. 1/6 1/16 upto 12th Month

London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th 9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks buying 60 and 90d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th 9th Month.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 476 1/4 Montreal Rs. 452-3/4.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 453.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs 475 Montreal Rs. 448.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 445-3/4.

Banks Buying D. D Rs 473 3/4 L/C Montreal Rs. 446-1/2 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 83 1/4.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.63 65 London-Bangkok Cross Rate Tel 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10. London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 89 40 91 00 London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10-63-65 London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1.84-2/1.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Esc. 5.60-65 London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 2.95-2.97. London/New York Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02. London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16 London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14/47-50 London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 12.23 12.26.

London Discts 3 Mos. 11/16 p.c.

London Discts 6 Mos. 7/8 p.c

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

Money: Call 3/4 per cent. 3 Mos. 1 per cent 6 Mos 1-1/4 per cent 12 Mos 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone: Easy.

INDEX NUMBERS OF SECURITY PRICES

(Base: 1938 = 100)
ALL INDIA

Group and Sub-group	Week Ended 8-10-49	9-9-50	30-9-50	7-10-50
Govt. and Semi-Govt. Securities				
Govt. of India loans ..	101.31	100.64	100.48	100.44
Indian States Loans ..	99.90	98.81	98.75	98.75
Municipal, Port Trust and Improvement Trust Loans ..	97.21	96.95	96.80	95.80
GROUP INDEX ..	101.16	100.52	100.26	100.33
Fixed Dividend Industrial Securities				
Electricity	82.1	83.2	82.5	83.2
Cotton	152.7	147.6	146.5	146.5
Jute	91.3	90.9	92.2	9..7
Coal	103.1	104.1	103.3	103.0
Iron & Steel	90.4	93.8	90..	89.6
Sugar	105.3	107.6	107.6	107.6
Paper	39.2	97.9	95.6	96.6
Plantations	106.4	109.9	109.3	108.4
GROUP INDEX	100.81	101.75	100.75	100.56
Variable Dividend Industrial Securities				
Banks	121.2	124.2	125.2	124.9
Insurance	121.2	124.3	125.4	125.7
Investment Trusts	168.4	168.6	158.3	159.4
Electricity Companies and Tramways	85.5	88.7	89.6	89.7
Shipping and Other Transport Companies	89.5	94.3	94.3	94.5
Railways	104.0	96.6	92.6	92.8
Plantations	121.9	153.1	150.1	149.1
Cotton, Woollen and Silk	153.2	154.2	154.9	154.8
Jute	82.3	101.5	95.1	96.1
Coal	113.2	124.1	123.3	123.5
Mining & Oil	70.9	69.4	69.7	70.2
Iron & Steel	144.8	154.4	156.9	156.3
General Engineering	165.2	177.0	180.0	181.2
Sugar	115.4	113.4	88.6	88.5
Breweries	112.4	107.2	109.7	99.8
Chemicals	170.1	175.2	169.8	171.2
Paper	105.4	108.0	107.5	107.7
Cement	129.3	139.3	137.4	139.5
GROUP INDEX	118.28	125.98	123.84	124.03

Region and Group

BOMBAY		REGIONAL	
Govt. and Semi-Govt. Securities	100.72	99.81	99.64	99.62
Fixed Dividend Industrials	98.4	101.6	98.9	98.8
Variable Dividend Industrials ..	131.7	138.4	137.6	137.5
CALCUTTA				
Govt. and Semi-Govt. Securities	101.48	100.92	100.75	100.72
Fixed Dividend Industrials	100.0	100.4	101.0	101.0
Variable Dividend Industrials ..	109.4	114.9	112.2	112.5
MADRAS				
Govt. and Semi-Govt. Securities	101.28	100.77	100.63	100.5
Fixed Dividend Industrials	113.3	116.0	116.0	115.3
Variable Dividend Industrials ..	136.1	151.7	151.6	151.2

CHEQUES CLEARED

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 13TH OCTOBER, 1950 were as under:

Number of Cheques 189732
Amount of Cheques: Rs. 45,14,50,-968-2-4.

European Issues Firm

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Oct. 16. (PTI-Reuter).

WITH turnover restricted by the approach of end of account, last day tomorrow, Tuesday, the London Stock Exchange began the week on a quiet note and with scattered small changes in prices.

These, however, were generally to better levels and followed the good lead given by British Government securities. Advances of one to two points in Japanese bonds followed the reported complete agreement between President Truman and General MacArthur; firmness was shown by many European issues.

Recent buyers of Mexican eagles were disappointed by the announcement of capital repayment of four Mexican Pesos per share, and the price sagged to two two and four.

Shippings were maintained by the trend of freight rates, and there were advances in rayons and textiles.

Gold mining sections were idle and occasionally moved against holders. Coppers remained steady despite the news of a ten per cent cut in Northern Rhodesia's copper output due to coal shortage.

Chicago Grains Market

Prices declined under the leadership of soybeans reflecting increased hedging and weekend liquidation prompted by private advices that Mid-West weather conditions were ideal for harvesting the soybean crop. The new credit curbs which traders interpreted as being deflationary, easiness of vegetable oils and lack of important export demand also contributed to the lower trend. Meanwhile export dealers said that Holland overnight purchased a cargo of hard wheat for shipment from Gulf during the latter half of November.

WHEAT

December	2.20-5/8
March	2.25
May	2.25-1/2
July	2.14

RISE IN PRICES OF U. S. NEWSPRINT

LOS ANGELOS, Oct. 16. (PTI-Reuter): Representative Emanuel Celler, Chairman of a Congress Committee of American newsprint supplies threatened here to seek prosecution of any American newsprint factory which raised its prices.

He said he expected that all American companies would try to do so to follow the lead of the big Canadian company which from today is putting up its newsprint price by ten per cent.

This company, the Canadian Powell River Paper Company of Vancouver, had advised its customers—including nearly all American newspapers—that its price would go up from 100 to 110 dollars a ton.

Representative Celler said he would regard any attempt to follow this example in America as a breach of the anti-trust laws and would demand prosecution.

AMERICAN MARKETS

FURTHER DROP IN N. Y. COTTON PRICES

Wall Street Quotations Lower

NEW YORK, October 14.

Following initial indecision, prices broke sharply on heavy hedge pressure against expanding crop movement additional liquidation due to confusion over the imposition of the cotton export curbs. Some selling was also attributed to slow demand for cotton goods with rumours of price controls causing some nervousness. Mill buying on the setback was lighter than recently and the market encountered little opposition. The session closed steady, sales being estimated at 200,000 bales.

	N. York	N. Orleans
Oct.	38.05	37.76
December	38.12	37.91
March	38.14	37.96
May	38.02	37.85
Middling spot:	39.25	38.35

NEW YORK COTTON: Dec. Highest 38.50 at 10.00 hrs. Lowest 38.11 at 11.58 hrs.

WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, Oct. 16

STOCKS: Tighter Federal Reserve Board curbs on instalment credit buying effective October 16th, because "underlying inflationary forces are unabated" chilled bullish sentiment and sent prices downward. Particular pressure against televisions, motors and finance companies brought declines therein mostly ranging to two points or more while elsewhere the losses were mainly fractions to one dollar. On the upside brewing shares attracted supporters on news that most of the major breweries were planning to announce price increases this week-end. Week-end covering latterly reduced losses in all sections and the market finished mostly down to one dollar or more lower on a barely steady note.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

American Telephone and Telegraph	150	3/8
Amerex Holding Co.	unrecd.	
Anaconda Copper	35	5/8
Chase National Bank	37	
Firstone Tyre	unrecd	
General Electric	48	7/8
General Motors	51	1/4
Ingersol Rand	unrecd	
International Nickel	33	7/8
National City Bank	43	1/2
New York Central	16	7/8
Sinclair Oil	30	5/8
Socony Vacuum	24	1/4
Texas Co.	74	
Union Car

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

RULE-MAKING IN REGARD TO CONTINGENCY FUND

Delegation Of Powers To Executive Questioned

POONA, Oct. 16, (PTI).

A POINT whether the State Legislature was competent to delegate powers to the State Government to frame rules regulating all matters connected with the contingency fund, proposed to be established in Bombay, was put up for consideration of the Bombay Government and the House by Mr. A. A. Khan, leader of the Opposition, in the Bombay Legislative Assembly today.

The House was considering a Bill to provide for the establishment of a contingency fund in Bombay for which a demand of Rs. three crores had been made by the Finance Minister, Mr. V. L. Mehta, in the supplementary demands and sanctioned by the House last week.

A clause in the Bill, moved by the Finance Minister, provides that for purposes of carrying out the objects of the measure, the "State Government may make rules" regulating all matters connected with or ancillary to the custody of the payment of money into the withdrawals of money from the contingency fund".

OPPOSITION VIEW

Mr. Khan argued that the articles in the Constitution in regard to contingency fund provided that such rules be framed by the legislature or the Governor of the State if the legislature had not framed them. If the clause in the Bill was accepted, the legislature would be delegating its powers to the Government. Mr. Khan drew the attention of the Government to a recent judgment of the Bombay High Court wherein, he said, the Court had held that the delegation of certain powers by the legislature to the Government was 'ultra vires' of the legislature itself. The judgment was now under consideration of the Supreme Court to which an appeal had been preferred.

Mr. Khan said that he did not want to raise a point of order on this issue at the first reading stage, but, in case, Government failed to come forth with a satisfactory explanation he would raise that point at the second reading stage.

MR. MEHTA ON BILL

Moving the Bill, the Finance Minister, Mr. Mehta said that it was a very important measure which widened the powers of the legislature over the expenditure that was incurred by Government.

A contingency fund of Rs. fifty crores, he said, had already been established by the Central Government and the Bill before the House had used the exact phraseology of the Act which had been passed by the Parliament in regard to that fund.

Explaining why the figure of the contingency fund had been fixed at Rs. three crores, Mr. Mehta said that Government had made a rough calculation of supplementary demands, apart from those made for capital outlay for State trading over the last few years, and come to the conclusion that the excess demands submitted were of the order of three crores of rupees.

Mr. Khan said that the Bill gave no indication as to under what circumstances money was to be spent by Government out of the contingency fund. No principles had been enunciated for the guidance of the executive which was to frame rules regarding the fund. Mr. Khan was against such a procedure for, he said, rules and regulations framed by the executive did not come up for scrutiny before the House. He regretted the increasing tendency of delegating the powers of the legislature to the executive and said that was why he had suggested in a resolution that the House appoint a committee to scrutinise all rules and regulations drawn by the executive.

Discussion on the first reading of the Bill was still in progress when the House adjourned for the day.

Earlier, the House passed a Bill to amend the Bombay Medical Act which provides for a joint electorate for the election of representatives of the general medical profession and a majority of elected members on the Medical Council.

The House also held elections to backward class board and the S. N. D. T. Women's University. Shrimati Savitaben Choksi and Shrimati Tarabai Modak were elected on the University but the results of the election to the Backward Class Board, in which ten members contested for the nine seats, would be announced tomorrow.

MORARJI'S STATEMENT

The Home Minister Mr. Morarji Desai, told the Bombay Legislative Assembly today that they were very keen to finish the Government business before the House by October 19.

He made this statement when Mr. S. L. Karandikar requested that the consideration of the Bill to amend the Bombay Municipal Corporation Act and the City of Bombay Primary Education Act which was on the agenda today, be postponed to the third week of the month to enable members to make a careful study of the Bill. The time at the disposal of the members for studying the Bill has not been sufficient, he said.

While not agreeing to the request of Mr. Karandikar, the Home Minister said Government was prepared to postpone its consideration till tomorrow.

The House then proceeded with the discussion of the Contingency Fund Bill.

GWALIOR: The Madhyabharat Legislative Assembly passed on Monday the Madhyabharat contingency fund Bill after 90 minutes debate.

POLICE FIRING ON WORKERS

Socialist Move Fails

The Bombay Legislative Assembly today refused leave to the Socialist member Mr. Peter Alvares to move an adjournment of the House to discuss the police firing in Bombay on textile workers on October 12 after the Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai had declared that the Government opposed the granting of the leave.

When the Speaker Mr. K. S. Firodia put the motion for leave before the House, it failed to secure the requisite thirty votes in favour of it and the motion fell through. Only eight member voted for the motion.

ANTI-RED BILL IN AUSTRALIA

CANBERRA, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter): The Federal Executive of the Australian Labour Party today directed the Parliamentary Party to withdraw its opposition to the Government anti-Communist Bill in the form in which it is before the Senate. The Senate, where Labour retained its majority after the Party's defeat in its last year's general elections, has prevented the Bill from becoming law since October 4.

After today's decision, Labour was expected to abandon its fight to put the onus of proof on the Crown where people are proscribed as Communists and to allow them to appeal to the High Court.

The Prime Minister has said he will go to the country because of the Senate's challenge.

It was authoritatively learned that the leader of the opposition, Mr. J. B. Chiefley will accept the Executive's instruction to allow the Bill to pass and will not consider resignation.

53 Arrested In Ahmedabad Village Melee

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 16: Fifty-three persons were arrested in Patan as a result of a melee between shepherds and patels. The cattle of the shepherds destroyed the crop of the patels who attacked the shepherds. Some women among the shepherds were also injured. Police are investigating the case.

Shantaram's 'Dahej' Banned In West Punjab

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, Oct. 16.—The Chief Secretary of West Punjab has also banned for exhibition Shantaram's Rajkamal Picture 'Dahej' as was done by Karachi Administrator. The ban is as a result of Muslim agitation over Prithviraj taking part in the picture.

A Report Denied

DAMASCUS, Oct. 16. (PTI-Reuter): A Government spokesman today denied a report of an attempt on the life of Dr. Nazim Kudsi, Syrian Prime Minister.

VANASTHALI VIDYAPITH

The Rajasthan Chief Minister Pandit Hiralal Shastri laying the foundation stone of the new buildings, Vanasthali Vidyapith, the national girls' institution in Jaipur. Some of the students of the institution in the left are witnessing the ceremony.

French Forces Suffer Another Major Loss

SAIGON, October 16 (PTI-Reuter).

FRENCH troops in Indo-China have evacuated their fourth border fortress in a month and withdrawn from all their position on a sixty-mile stretch of the frontier with Communist China, it was officially announced here today.

The latest withdrawal was from Nacham, 85 miles north-east of Hanoi and about six miles from the Chinese border.

The French, after the biggest battles of the four-year old war against guerillas, have now abandoned all their strongholds including pill boxes and other defence positions on their border highway between Caubang and Dongdang, about ten miles north-west of the main mountain pass stronghold at Langson.

Some civilians are voluntarily evacuating Langson by air, though the army had given no evacuation order, according to a French Army spokesman.

The evacuation of Thatke began a few days earlier, and the main body of troops from this bastion reached Nacham. They were assumed today to have moved out with the regular garrison of Nacham.

There was no fresh news of the troops fighting a rearguard action to cover the withdrawal of Thatke.

Between 20,000 and 50,000 well-trained Vietminh troops were believed here to be massed in the frontier area after intensive training in Communist South China.

MOPPING UP OPERATIONS

A French army spokesman said French mopping up operations were continuing in the Tonkin delta, 9 miles south-west of Hanoi near the Riga "rice-bowl" area. Similar operations were going on near Thudaumot, about 16 miles north of Saigon.

In Cambodia French units inflicted losses on Vietminh guerillas at Soai Reng, about 60 miles south-east of the capital Pnompenh.

In Laos anti-guerilla operations are going on in Samneua, about 180 miles north-east of the capital Vientiane.

SAIGON: Terrorists threw a grenade at a French Army patrol car outside a crowded dance hall here last night, injuring twelve people.

PARIS: General Alphonse Juin, leading French warfare expert and the Minister for the Associate States in Indo-China M. Jean Letourneau, left here by air for Saigon last night to investigate the French war effort in Indo-China against the Vietminh forces.

General N. Valloy, Inspector-General of the French Overseas Forces travelled with them.

M. Letourneau said one of the principal aims of his mission was to reinforce French troops in Indo-China.

Napalm Is Terribly Destructive

LONDON, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter): United Nations forces in Korea are using fire bombs which will melt half a tank with a direct hit and kill all the crew with a near miss, a British Government Minister said today.

Mr. Ridan Grawley, Under-Secretary for Air, said that these "napalm" (jellied petroleum) bombs were measured by the gallon, and that 700,000 gallons of them had been dropped on Northern Korean forces.

The advantage of fire bombs over rockets was that whereas a five-yard miss by a rocket was "as good as a mile", a near miss with a fire bomb knocked out the tank. The United Nations forces had knocked out 1,059 tanks, 541 of which were totally destroyed.

U. K. Shakespeare Company For India

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, (By Mail).

The people of India will soon have an opportunity of hearing a series of dramatic recitals from Shakespeare in the manner of the original Elizabethan theatre.

The recitals will be by leading British artists, including Walter Fitzgerald, John Wyse, Miss Frances Clare, Miss Judith Scott David King—Wood and Jonathan Meddings who will be directed by Mr. Norman Marshal.

The idea of sending the company out to India is the idea of British Council which seeks to promote cultural relations between this and other countries.

Mr. Norman Marshall, the famous theatrical producer, and Mr. Jonathan Meddings who will play smaller parts in the plays.

Miss Judith Stott will play M. Ophelia, Juliet, Desdemona, and Miss Frances Clare who will be the leading lady of the company.

The plays from which scenes will be presented are: Hamlet, Macbeth, Othello, Merchant of Venice, Julius Caesar, As You Like It, Romeo and Juliet, the Tempest, Richard II, Richard III and Anthony and Cleopatra.

No major company has toured India for many years, and, it is hoped, the visit of this company will command wide approval. Shakespeare is no stranger to Indian public.

The Company will arrive in New Delhi on November 4 and expects to have its first performance on November 8. The Indian capital will have about eight performances.

The other places to be visited by the Company are: Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Hyderabad, Nagpur, Poona, Agra, Kanpur, Allahabad and Lucknow. In Bombay the Company will have 14 performances.

4 Die Of Typhoid In Amreli

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Oct 16: Typhoid fever has broken out in Amreli and within 24 hours four persons died of the fever. Authorities are taking all precautions to check the further spread of the disease.

MORE D.Ps RETURNING TO EAST PAKISTAN

MADRAS, Oct. 15, (PTI): Dr. B. C. Roy, Chief Minister West Bengal, told pressmen here today that Mr. J. N. Mandal's resignation from the Pakistan Cabinet had not so far caused any increase in the immigration of refugees into West Bengal.

The figures, he said, showed that more people were returning to East Bengal, "preferring the comfort of their homes to the hardships of a refugee life."

Dr. Roy stated that they in West Bengal were doing their best to implement the Delhi Pact on Minorities, though the situation in East Bengal was not completely settled yet.

Dr. Roy, who was passing through Madras on his way to Bangalore from Calcutta this afternoon, expressed the opinion that the main reason for Mr. Mandal's resignation was "the non-acceptance of the Scheduled Castes Federation nominee for the minority ministership in East Bengal."

Live Pearl Oysters From Bahrein

MADRAS, Oct. 16 (PTI): Eight hundred live pearl oysters, caught off Bahrein Island in the Persian Gulf on Saturday night were brought to Madras today by air from Bombay by Mr. K. Chidambaram, Assistant Director of the Madras Fisheries Department.

The oysters which were brought all the way from Bahrein in seawater in improvised containers, will be carried up to Tiruchirapally by air and from thence by train and boat to the fish research farm of the Madras Government in the Kursadi Islands off Pamban coast.

Once in the Kursadi Islands, the oysters will begin a new life in strange waters under the watchful care of the Fisheries Department. If they thrive and multiply, the experiment of the Madras Government regarding the feasibility of developing pearl fishing in Indian waters can be said to be a success.

Relax All Controls: Sarayia's Plea

POONA, Oct. 16 (PTI): Mr. R. G. Sarayia President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber Bombay pleaded today for relaxation of controls and increased co-operation between industry labour and Government to tide over the economic situation in the country.

Addressing the Maharatta Chamber of Commerce and Industries on the occasion of the Gurunathrao Vogale Memorial day, Mr. Sarayia said that there was only one final and satisfying answer to the present economic crisis, and that increased production and supply of essential goods, consumer as well as capital. That could be achieved only out of increased production of man-hour.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Chief Minister of Bombay, will open a "Balkan-ji-Bari" centre in Jahangirpura in Ahmedabad on October 18 when he returns with President Rajendra Prasad after his Gujerat tour.

News BRIEFS

RECORD OUTPUT: Japanese mines and factories set up a post-war production record in August, when increased export demands and the Korea war pushed the output level to four times the 1946 rate, a Trade Ministry survey showed, according to a Tokyo report.

PREPARED: Hong Kong is militarily prepared for any emergency which may arise in the Far East, according to Governor Sir Alexander Grantham who sailed from Penang on the "Corfu" on his way back to Hong Kong, on Monday.

LAND REFORMS: Giani Kartar Singh, Revenue Minister of the Punjab, announced on Sunday that the Land Reforms Committee's recommendations would be acted upon within a few weeks and all the backward classes in the rural areas would be entitled to proprietory rights in land to build their houses.

RESOLUTION: An exhortation to the University of Gujarat and others to reconsider the entire method of teaching of history in all stages of study and rewriting of history with the common man and his society as the fulcrum, is contained in a resolution adopted by the Saurashtra Historical Conference on Monday.

CONSTRUCTION: A preliminary geological examination of the dam site on the river Kantli, Rajasthan, near Jodhpur village reveals that construction of a 70 feet high dam is feasible.

SALEM BAN: The Deputy Superintendent of Police, Salem has issued a notifcation banning processions, disguised parties and talims during the ensuing Moharram celebrations except under a licence.

INDO-CEYLON ISSUES: The Coimbatore Indian Chamber of Commerce has addressed a communication the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, requesting him to take steps to convene a round table conference to thrash out all "outstanding problems" between India and Ceylon.

ARRESTS: Mr. Takhatmal Jain, Chief Minister, told the Madhyabharat Assembly that 238 persons including forty-six students were arrested since the police firing on students on August 9.

MIGRANTS: During the past 24 hours, 7,836 Hindus and 2,396 Muslims arrived into West Bengal from Eastern Pakistan by rail and 12,784 Hindus and 3,047 Muslims left, states a Press Note issued by the Government of West Bengal on Monday. By air, 135 Hindus and 20 Muslims arrived and 71 Hindus and 94 Muslims left, the Press Note adds.

'LEAGUE'S SURVIVAL INDISPENSABLE'

Mr. Ismail's Defence

CALICUT, Oct. 16 (PTI): Mr. Mohammed Ismail, President of the Indian Union Muslim League, said here yesterday that the existence of the Muslim League as an organisation was indispensable, since Muslims could protect their interests only through it.

Addressing a public meeting here Mr. Ismail referred to the speech made by Sardar Patel at Hyderabad recently in which the Sardar had said that the Muslims should do something still to show their loyalty to the Indian Union, and said that he could not really understand why he should have said so after all their (Muslims) demonstrations of loyalty. The Muslims had supported the policies of Government that were adjudged to be right. They had supported Government in their prohibition policy.

Mr. Ismail said it was in the interests of Government to maintain the League as a political organisation as he felt that there was nothing communal or anything bad in retaining the League. It stood for the protection of the rights of Muslims, their demand being equal treatment.

MALAYAN GUERILLAS DERAIL TWO TRAINS

SINGAPORE, Oct. 16 (PTI-Reuter): Guerillas derailed two trains and fired at another in Malaya. No one was, however hurt. On Saturday five constables were and four others injured when terrorists attacked security forces escorting a survey party in Perak.

Poona Patron Dead

POONA, October 16 (PTI): Mr. Vishnu Gangadhar Ketkar, founder and head of the Poona Anath Vidyarthi Griha, founded in 1909, died this morning of cardiac asthma. He was 63.

The Anath Vidyarthi Griha provides free lodging, boarding and education to poor students and since its inception has helped over 2,000 students.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

THERE are advantages, as I have found, in living in a flat in town. I woke up this morning, and, being a confirmed suburbanite, I strolled up half-awake to my window.

Across the street, there was a sharp and angry click as of a bolt being slipped and looking at the flat across, I saw a bristling moustache and two hasty hands closing THAT window. Somebody who had been exploiting the possibility of peeping into the other flat, had just awakened to the realisation that two can play at that game.

It reminded me of an incident some years ago when I was frequenting an office in town. As office work is often a bore, I was in the habit of taking frequent trips to the window. (My two colleagues worked off their tedium by strolling down to the pavement and indulging in little gossip with others who had stepped out of their offices).

On one of these excursions, I half-noticed something strange in the window across. As I fixed my eyes to the necessary point of concentration, I was conscious of a young woman who was scrutinising my rooms through a formidable pair of binoculars. Very soon, she became aware of my attention, and indignantly moving forward, she closed her window with an air of righteous indignation.

I could not understand her wrath because I did not mind the binoculars in the least. Anyway it is far better than flashing the sun in the eyes of your neighbours with a piece of mirror, which is a detestable habit some fellows have. But when it happened a second time yesterday to me, I realized that our good citizens resent any intrusion on their privacy, even or particularly when they are intruding on yours.

As an old friend of mine explained, "You have many interests. But to me watching your doings and overhearing what you say"—I have a loud voice, I must confess but I did not know it was that loud—"is a morning occupation." That seems to be the general attitude.

So far my city friends have always assured me that one of the advantages of living in town is that, unlike the suburbanites, the town-dweller is not interested in his neighbours. But this is one of the illusions which keep the city-men out of the suburbs—and the suburban-resident out of the city. I would put it the other way: We in the suburbs are not ashamed to be curious. The first question one Bandraman asks another in the train is, "How Far?", two telling words. But the town-dweller does not mind being inquisitive, only so long as the object of his interest is unaware of it.

RED ACTIVITIES IN KRISHNA DISTRICT

'Situation Under Control'

MADRAS, Oct. 16 (PTI): Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister and Leader of the House, said in the Madras Assembly today that Communist activities in Krishna District had been brought under control by the police. "There have been no disturbances or incidents in that District during the last three and a half months", he said.

The provision of Rs. nine lakhs for strengthening the police in Krishna came in for criticism by some members who had said schemes for economic development had received a set-back due to heavy expenditure on the Police Department.

Mr. Gopala Reddi said Government could not avoid the expenditure because they considered that irrigation and electricity development schemes would come to nothing if there was no law and order in the State.

Fog Holds Up London Traffic

LONDON, October 16 (PTI-Reuter): Thick fog in the Thames Estuary and East England today held up shipping, aircraft and land traffic.

At London airport visibility was 200 yards. Air services were delayed upto two hours but flying was not suspended.

Kashmir Relief Fund

President Dr. Rajendra Prasad has contributed Rs. 600 to the Kashmir Relief Fund sponsored by the Jammu and Kashmir Flood Relief Committee set up in Delhi last week by Sheikh Abdullah, Chief Minister of Kashmir.

Prime Minister Pandit Nehru has contributed Rs. 500 to the Fund.

Among the other donors is Rai Bahadur Jankidas, a business magnate of Delhi, who has contributed Rs. 2,500.

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe Barnum Was Wrong After All — By BUD FISHER

JEFF-I'M SELLIN A NEW HAIR-RESTORER! IT GROWS HAIR OVER NIGHT!
NOT ON MY HEAD!
WHATCHA MEAN-NOT ON YOUR HEAD? LISTEN-WILL'YA PAY ME TEN BUCKS IF IT GROWS HAIR ON YOUR HEAD?
SURE! I'LL GIVE YOU TWENTY!
EVERY NIGHT FOR A WEEK!
JEFF! I HARDLY KNEW YA! DIDN'T I TELL YA THAT HAIR RESTORER WOULD GROW HAIR?
HI, MUTT! I CAME OVER TO PAY YA THE TWENTY!
HEY! THIS DOUGH IS PHONY!
$20 STAGE MONEY
SO IS THE HAIR!
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They Follow Him In Death

CALCUTTA, Oct. 16 (PTI).

WITHIN a few hours of the death in hospital of a Calcutta journalist early this morning, his 40-year-old widow and their two unmarried daughters, aged nine and eleven, were found dead at their residence.

The journalist, Mr. Sachindra Chandra Das Gupta, one of the seniormost Calcutta reporters, was suffering from liver trouble and died in the Medical College Hospital at about five this morning.

His wife and daughters, who had kept awake in the hospital along with other members of the family throughout the night, returned home and at about nine a.m. all the three were found dead in a closed room.

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